Bellefonte Watchman Republican.

Established In 1869 | "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. | TERMS : $1.50 Per Year

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NEWS FROM MANILA!

Spanish Commander of the City Gets Advice.

A MUCH STRICTER BLOCKADE

Such Is Being Established by Admiral Dewey and He Has Made Certain Threats Which May Tend to Keep Peace.

MORE TROOPS ARE COMING SOON

MANILA, July 13—VIA HONG KONG July 19.—An important interview has just been held between General Aguinaldo's secretary, Legarde, and a prominent native white man and the Spanish commander, Captain General Augustin. The insurgents representatives urged General Augustin to surrender the city asserting that 50,000 insurgents surrounded Manila and were able to enter it at any moment. Thus far, they added, the insurgents had been restrained with difficulty but if the Spaniards continued stubborn, the result would be that the insurgents would be compelled to bombard and storm the city, "with the inevitable slaughter, unparallelled in history because in the excitement of battle they cannot discriminate."

Continuing, the captain general's visitors advised him to disregard the official fictions regarding alleged Spanish victories in Cuba and reinforcements coming to the Philippine Islands and proposed a reconciliation between the Spaniards and the Philippines, under a republican flag and a joint endeavor to persuade the Americans to abandon hostilities in the Philippine Islands. Finally the representatives of the insurgents proposed an appeal to the powers to recognize the independence of the Philippine Islands. The captain general replied that he must fight, however hopeless the Spanish cause. Legarde then returned to Cavite, taking with him the native, who is a paroled prisoner.

The natives inside the city say they received, a fortnight ago, a concerted signal to prepare for storming the walls. A second signal, fixing the date of the assault, has not yet been issued and they are tired of waiting and are losing faith in Aguinaldo. The latter, it is alleged, finds it extremely difficult to capture the town fortifications. His previous successes, it is pointed out, were easy, because of the nature of the country, which suited his skirmishers. It is further alleged that the principal points captured by the insurgents were obtained possession of through treachery. The insurgents are now bringing artillery around by sea from Malabon, which is tedious and troublesome work. They are also obtaining detailed reports of the condition of affairs from the inside of the city.

Admiral Dewey is establishing a more strict blockade, lest it be invalidated by permitted neutrals to visit Cavite and Malabon and send and receive mails enclosing surreptitious Spanish dispatches. He has threatened to station warships opposite the city, which might precipitate hostilities, as the Spanish officers declare they will certainly fire on any American within range, regardless of the consequences.

The second installment of American troops is expected here daily and the last detachments are booked to arrive here early in August. Probably military operations will be deferred until the September dry season, when it is cooler, and possibly then bloodshed may be unnecessary.

A Spanish steamer, the Filipines, has just been brought in here in the hands of the insurgents. It appears that she was on the northern coast and escaping to China with a navy crew on board when the latter revolted, killed the Spanish officers and brought the vessel to Cavite.

The Spaniards are daily employing convicts to fell trees and burn huts on the outskirts of the town. Fusilades continue, but otherwise the situation is unchanged,

The stock of flour is practically exhausted but the supplies of rice and Buffalo meat will last for months longer.

COUNCIL MEETING.

The Borough Fathers Held a Short Session Monday Night.

The regular semi-monthly session of council was held Monday evening. It was called to order at 7:45 with the following members present: Gerberich, Houser, Sheffer, Wetzel, Tripple, Garrity, Lowery, Valentine and President Keller. Every member was present.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by Clerk Isaac Mitchell and there being no corrections they stood approved.

Chairman Lowery of street committee reported that the principal work done was on Howard street,

Chairman Gerberich of water committee reported that the water pump had entirely given out and a new pump was necessary. The new pump was bought and is in good working order. It was purchased from Jenkins & Lingle, the price to be paid, $92.00. The action of committee in buying pump was approved by council.

Mr. James Harris appeared before council in behalf of the new creamery and cheese factory and asked council to release them from the taxes for the first three years.

The water committee has received an offer for the old discarded pipe and old iron they have at water works of $6.00 a ton. In this lot is included the old steam boiler. The offer was made by P. B. Crider. The pump at works has been kept running 13 nights.

A great deal of water is being wasted by different parties. One of the councilmen proposed that the old boiler be used to burn up old garbage around town.

The market committee reported collecting $19.40 market fees.

The following bills were approved and orders drawn :

Water works pay roll	$76.80
Street pay roll	38.70
H. S. Taylor, col., tax labor	42.38
J. H. Wetzel, surveying	7.00
Police pay roll	35.00
Thos. Shaughensy, market clerk	1.25
C. C. Shuey, supplies for soldiers' families	15.44
	$216.57

A. M. E. CONVENTION

Of the Sunday Schools of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

The annual session of the A. M. E. Eastern District Sunday School began its work Tuesday afternoon, at Bellefonte, Pa., under the skillful management of Presiding Elder W. H. Brown, president, and Rev. C. N. Woodson, of this place, vice president.

At the evening session many interesting subjects were illustrated relative to the convention. Many Sunday school reports were read which cannot fail to impress upon the minds of the dominant race, who have been our hard masters, the progress of Africo-Americans, intellectually and morally.

Miss Ella Snyder opened the session by a welcome address, which greatly interested the convention. She spoke of the Negro race, their origin and mission, and how God, by infinite wisdom and divine mercy, has molded and developed the A. M. E. Sunday school equal to that of the Anglo-Saxon race. In concluding the exercises of the evening session I deem it essential to elucidate to the readers of this paper a few hints of facts relative to the annual address of President Brown. He said he could not fail to be impressed with the power of the A. M. E. Sunday school, an institution shaped by an Almighty and incomprehensible being for the blessing of a race whose ancestors were born beneath a tropic sun ; a moral institution which stands out unparalleled in the history of nations. When America was cursed by the hell-black system of human slavery and the Negro race lay bound and bleeding at the foot of civilized humanity, many efforts were made to perpetuate bondage ; but Almighty God had decreed the liberation of the colored race of America, and in His good time and pleasure He broke the chains and set us free. The address was instructive throughout, especially when he explained the manner in which our race was liberated and the trembling gates of slavery were flung open while four millions of negroes marched out into liberty. "The first shall be last, and the last shall be first."

Rev. C. Asbery, D. D., of Williamsport, entertained the members and delegates of the convention Wednesday evening with an address on "The Building and the Builders." Dr. Asbery is an able pulpit orator, and to him (the colored race) give due credit for aiding their church to its lofty degree of perfection.

WEDDED AT HIGH NOON.

Miss Victorine Lyon United in Marriage to Dr. Alfred Gordon, of Philadelphia.

At high noon Wednesday'a brilliant but quiet wedding took place at the residence of Mrs. Estelle Lyon, on East Linn street. The accomplished daughter, Miss Victorine Lyon, was united in marriage with Dr. Alfred Gordon, of Philadelphia.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. H. Kline, of Altoona, who, in a very impressive manner, spoke the words which united this young couple in the holy bonds of wedlock.

The parlor was beautifully decorated with potted palms and cut flowers and presented a lovely appearance. The favorite colors of the bride, red and white; prevailed.

Promptly at the hour appointed the bride entered the room leaning upon the arm of her future husband, to the music of Mendlesohn's wedding march as played by Miss Ohnmacht. Accompanying them was little Alma Lichten, a neice of the bride, who made a sweet flower girl.

The bride looked very handsome in a costume of beautiful white Crepe de Chine, over white taffeta, demi train, high neck and long sleeves, trimmed in rare point maline lace. She carried in her hand a large boquet of white roses, lillies of the valley and maiden hair ferns.

The groom was attired in a full dress suit of conventional black and looked manly and handsome.

Little Alma Lichten, the flower girl, was attired in red organdie trimmed in red chiffon and carried a poke bonnet of white daisies.

Miss Dora Gordon, a sister of the groom, looked lovely in a beautiful gown of pink satin trimmed in white lace and pearls.

Immediately after the ceremony a choice wedding breakfast was served in the dining room, which was also very tastefully adorned with potted plants and cut flowers. Many handsome and costly presents were received by the bride and groom from their many admiring friends.

The newly married couple left on the afternoon train, going direct to Philadelphia, their future home, where Dr. Gordon has already prepared a handsomely furnished home for himself and bride at the northeast corner of 11th and Pine streets.

The bride is a beautiful and accomplished young lady, a skilled musician and sweet singer, possessing a highly cultivated voice. She has a host of friends in Bellefonte, all of whom join in extending hearty congratulations on this happy event.

The groom is one of the rising young physicians of the city of Philadelphia, highly educated, and will make a kind and devoted husband for a most worthy young lady.

The guests present from a distance were Mrs. Adolph Loeb, of St Louis, Mo.; Miss Dora Gordon, of Lebanon, Pa., and Mrs. Jonas Lichten, of Philadelphia.

A GRAVE SITUATION CONFRONTS US !

The Administration Sees Serious Complications In Cuba.

THE WAR IS TO GO ON.

Spain to Fight in Hopes of Regaining Some of The Lost Ground—Expects to Win Better Terms.

MAY BE SOME TROUBLE WITH CUBANS.

MADRID, July 20.—El Imparcial learns from several members of the cabinet that in their opinion for Spain to sue now for peace would be an avowal that she is vanquished. Moreover, they believe that the United States, flattered by the triumph at Santiago, would only consent to peace on unequal terms, and that therefore it is preferable to continue the war in the hope of reconquering a portion of the lost territory.

"As the government makes no sign, it can only be supposed," says El Imparcial, "that the ministers disagree on the question."

Some papers believe that a reconstruction of the cabinet is imminent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—Nothing of importance came before to-day's cabinet meeting, one member remarking that an adjournment might have been taken at the end of fifteen minutes so far as the transaction of business was concerned. A dispatch from Admiral Dewey was read stating that there was no change in the situation there. It was the opinion of the members of the cabinet that the report of strained relations between Admiral Dewey and the German admiral is without any foundation in fact. This is indicated by the fact that Admiral Dewey's dispatch was taken to Hong Kong by a German warship. Both the president and Secretary Day are said to have assured the cabinet members that nothing of an aggravating nature had occured at Manila between the American and German forces, and their remarks gave rise to the belief that the president has received fresh assurances from Germany of her intention to adhere strictly to her policy of neutrality.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—The war department at 3 o'clock yesterday posted the following bulletin:

PLAYA, 9:47 a. m.—HEADQUARTERS NEAR SANTIAGO July 19.

"Adjutant-General, Washington:

"My ordnance officer reports over 10,000 rifles sent in and about 10,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Send officers and troops to-morrow to receive surrender of interior garrisons. About 2,000 at there places. Will send officers to receive surrender of coast garrisons, Guantanamo, Baracoa and Sagua de Tanamo.

"W. R. SHAFTER, Major-General."

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 20.—War department officials feel that they are fully justified in their decisions to retain practically all of Shafter's army at Santiago by the press reports that reached them yesterday indicating the growth of serious friction between the American forces and the Cuban troops, growing out of the latter's exclusion from Santiago by Gen. Shafter's orders. It is felt now that the garrison originally, proposed two immune regiments, would have been quite insufficient to meet an outside Spanish force that might come from Holguin or Manzanillo, and also to restrain the rapacity of the Cubans. It is realized that the present situation is full of difficulty, and the future is dark owing to the disposition evidenced by the Cubans to ignore or refuse to be bound by the amenites of modern warfare.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—A state paper that will be historic, marking an epoch in American history, was issued last night by direction of President McKinley.

It provides in general terms for the government of the province of Santiago de Cuba and is the first document of the kind ever prepared by a president of the United States.

By order of Secretary Alger, Adjutant Corbin last night cabled the document to Gen. Shafter, in command of the military force at Santiago. The paper is not only an authorization and instruction of Gen. Shafter for the government of captured territory, but also a proclamation to the people of the territory

(Continued on fifth page.)

KEPT HIS PROMISE !

A Chinaman Who Blew Up Giant Powder.

ATTACKED THE BARRICADE

Then the Man Wanted Blew Up the Big Explosive, Was Torn to Pieces and at the Same Time Killed Seven Men.

NOTHING LEFT FOR AN INQUEST

OAKLAND, Cal., July 20.—The works of the Western Fuse and Explosive company were blown up by a murderous Chinaman at 6:20 yesterday morning, Five deputy sheriffs and constables who were trying to arrest the murderer were killed. The dead are :

DEPUTY SHERIFF CHARLES WHITE, son of Sheriff White.

GEORGE WOODRUM.

D. C. CAMERON.

CONSTABLE GUSKOCH.

J. J. LERRI.

MRS. *HILL*.

GOONG CHUNG.

The Chinaman had fortified himself in the magazine and blew it up when the attempt to arrest him was made.

The Celestial who was employed in the works and who caused the awful explosion had killed a fellow countryman yesterday afternoon in a quarrel over a Chinese lottery ticket. He then defied the officers of the law who went to arrest him. The murderer fled into the magazine which contained five tons of giant powder, barricaded himself and threatened to blow up the magazine if anyone came to arrest him. Deputy Sheriff Charles White, son of Sheriff White, in charge of a posse, consisting of Constable Gus Koch, Deputy Sheriff George Woodrum, Deputy Sheriff D. C. Cameron, Deputy Constable J. J. Lerri and Constable Harry Cramer were on the scene of the murder shortly after the murder and kept guard over the Chinaman within his stronghold. All the officers were armed with rifles. After repeated demands to surrender had been made, to all of which the same reply came, "If you come in here, I will blow up the magazine," the officers retired for the night within the private office of the company, about twenty yards away. Yesterday morning at 5 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Charles White, after a consultation with the others, determined to break down the barricade, not believing the Chinaman would fulfill his threat. Accordingly the entire posse made for the door. True to his word the Chinaman fired the giant powder and in an instant a terrific explosion occurred killing five officers and blowing the Chinaman to atoms so small that but one piece has been found. White's body was fearfully mangled. It was found nearly 22 yards away. Koch was badly disfigured but lived long enough to be taken to the hospital where he died. Mrs. Hill was visiting at a house across the way and was killed in the falling debris. Deputy Sheriff Fred Sterritt and Deputy Ed White escaped but are painfully wounded.

All the buildings took fire, The works are completely wrecked. Four houses were blown down and about forty partially wrecked. Fourteen freight cars were blown to splinters and several were burned. Windows were broken in Oakland, Alameda and Berkley.

—Tyrone wheelmen are arranging for a run to Penn Cave. They will leave Tyrone at 1:00 o'clock Saturday, July 23, to proceed to Bellefonte and from Bellefonte to Centre Hall, where the wheelmen will hang up for the night. The hotel accommodations at Centre Hall are among the best and they get a chance to spend the night in beautiful Penn's Valley. The run to the cave will be made on Sunday morning, which is a short ride from Centre Hall, after which the start for Tyrone will be made by way of State College, Pennsylvania Furnace and Warriorsmark.

Lumbermen Meet.

The Pennsylvania Lumberman's Protective association met in annual session in Williamsport Thursday. They transacted their business in the afternoon and took a trolly ride and trip through the booms in the river up to Nippeno park, where they ate luncheon.

—James Stephenson a wealthy lumberman died suddenly from heart failure on Tuesday, at his home near Mahaffey, Pa. He was 68 years of age and well known in this vicinity.

BEFORE THE CRASH!

Some Belated Intelligence from Santiago de Cuba.

SHAFTER WAS NOT HARSH WITH THEM

General Miles Was on the Scene and With Generals Under Him Rode Inside the Lines and Spoke of Peace Propositions.

OTHER INFORMATION FROM CAMP

BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 14—4. P. M.—VIA KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 15.—1.30 P. M.—White flags still flutter over the opposing lines. The truce has been extended until to-day noon, and negotiations looking to the surrender of Santiago are proceeding. Both sides have yielded somewhat. General Toral, the Spanish commander, realizes the hopelessness of further resistance, and the American commander, General Shafter, is inclined to reduce the harshness of the terms which he at first proposed to impose upon the enemy.

It appears that on Monday General Shafter did not again demand the unconditional surrender which General Toral had refused on Sunday, but offered, as an alternative proposition, to accept the capitulation of the enemy and to transport the Spanish officers and troops to Spain, they to leave all their arms behind and he to accept their parole. It was this proposition which General Toral declined yesterday.

This morning it was decided to hold a personal interview with General Toral. General Miles and his staff, who got no further than General Shafter's headquarters Wednesday night, accompanied by General Shafter and his staff, rode out to the front shortly before 8 o'clock, under a flag of truce. A request for a personal interview with the Spanish commander-in-chief was made and acceded to and at about 9 o'clock General Miles, General Shafter, General Wheeler, General Gilmour, Colonel Morse, Captain Wiley and Colonel Maus, rode up, passed over our entrenchments and went down into the valley beyond. They were met by General Toral and his chief of staff under a spreading mango tree. at the bottom of the valley about half way between the lines. The interview that followed lasted almost an hour.

The situation was placed frankly before General Toral and he was offered the alternative of being sent home with his garrison or leaving Santiago province, the only condition imposed being that he should not destroy the existing fortifications and should leave his arms behind. This latter condition, the Spanish general, who does not speak English, explained through his interpreter, was impossible. He said the laws of Spain gave a general discretion. He might abandon a place when he fonnd it untenable, but he could not leave his arms behind without subjecting himself to the penalty of being court-martialed and shot. His government, he said, had granted him permission to evacuate Santiago. That was all. Further than that he was powerless to go. Without saying many words, General Miles says, the tenor of General Toral's remarks all betrayed his realization that he would not hold out long. When General Shafter explained that our enforcements were coming up, that he was completely surrounded and that new batteries were being posted, General Toral simply shrugged his shoulders. "I am but a subordinate," said he, "and obey my government If it is necessary we can die at our post."

General Toral is a man of 60 years of age, with a strong, rugged face and fine, soldiery bearing. His brave words inspired a feeling of respect and admiration in the hearts of his adversaries. Nevertheless, the Spanish general's anxiety to avoid further sacrifice of life in his command was manifest and he did not hesitate to ask for time to communicate the situation to Madrid, although he dubiously shook his head when he spoke of the probable response.

SENT TO SNOW SHOE.

Remains of Mrs. Waltz, Drowned Herself.

The remains of Mrs. Jennie M. Waltz, who committed suicide by drowning at Renovo Monday night, were taken to Snow Shoe Thursday morning for interment. From the News we learn that Mrs. Waltz was a sufferer from melancholia, and that she had been visiting her brothers, Messrs. Isaac and William Waltz at Renovo. After disappearing from her room Monday night a note was found which read: "In a few minutes I will be crazy and I am going to the river." A search was then made of the premises, but not being able to find her, several men went on the river in boats. After several hours search Isaac Gates and County Auditor Ole Oleson found the body a short distance west of Ninth street. Efforts were made to restore the woman to life, but they were unavailing. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death by suicide. Deceased was 37 years old and is survived by two sons and a daughter. She was the widow of James Waltz, who was killed eight years ago while watching a bridge on the Beech Creek road.

Take Care of Old Glory.

An exchange says: "Our attention has been called to the careless disrespect shown to the flag by so many people who hang it fron their windows or above their houses and leave it there night and day regardless of the weather." It says, "on shipboard and military posts where the flag has a real significance it is raised at sunrise and lowered at sunset. It is never left out in the storm. Thus the starry banner is kept clean and bright and is always treated with respect. It should receive the same treatment from every person." There is a good point in this and hence we publish it.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Gain by Advertising.

Denver Republican: One Denver firm has been investigating the merits of advertising. A careful account has been kept, and with $250 investment each month, the business has shown an increase from 100 to 163 per cent over corresponding months last year, when no newspaper advertising was done.

Valuable in Changeable Weather.

People are benefited by the use of Speer's Port Grape Wine, especially ladies. It purifies the blood and makes their eyes shine like stars.

Railroads in Cuba.

Now that all eyes are turned towards Cuba, information as to railroads of the island will be read with interest. According to the Railroad Gazette, the railroad mileage is 1,105, is owned by seventeen corporations, practically all of standard gauge. These roads own 308 locomotives 442 passengers and 6021 freight cars.

How many young men and young women are cut off just as the future seems brightest and fullest of promises! They are taken away by the disease which causes over one-sixth of all deaths in the world—the disease which doctors call consumption. There is absolutely no reason in the world why consumption should be fatal—why it should even be serious. It is a disease of the blood, and can be cured absolutely and always by purifying and enriching the blood. The only exception to this where the disease has been neglected and improperly treated until it is stronger than the body—until the body has become so weak as to have lost the ability to recuperate. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure 98 per cent of all cases of consumption if used according to directions. It also cures all lingering coughs, bronchial and throat affections.

Send 21 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page common sense medical adviser, illustrated.

A Double Lynching.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 15.—A double lynching, in which Jim Redd and Alex Johnson were the victims, occured at Monticella, Ark., yesterday. A mob broke down the doors of the jail, and entering the cell poured a volley of shots into the cages where the men were confined. Johnson is dead and Redd is fatally wounded. They were convicted of killing W. F. Skipper, a rich planter and merchant, of Baxter, and was sentenced to hang. An appeal to the supreme court had been granted them a new trial.

Sympathetic Husbands.

The sympathetic tenderness of a loving husband is everything to an expectant mother, especially during her first ordeal. George Layton, Esq., a prominent druggist of Dayton, O., gives the following case:

A customer of mine, whose wife has used four bottles of "Mother's Friend" before confinement, says, after seeing the effects of the remedy, that if she had to go through the ordeal again, and there were but four bottles on the market, and the cost was $100 per bottle, she would have them.

"Mother's Friend" is a scientifically compounded liniment which affords certain relief in the various ailments preceding childbirth, and assures proper elasticity to the cords and muscles involved in the final ordeal.

"Mother's Friend" is sold by druggists, or expressed on receipt of one dollar.

Valuable book, "Before Baby is Born," mailed free on application.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

C. C. Bell's Work at Reformatory.

The annual commencement exercises of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon were held on Tuesday, June 28th, and in addition to the literary program presented, there was an exhibit of the work done in the industrial departments of the institution. In mentioning these various exhibits the Record has the following complimentary things to say of the work that was done by the classes that have been under C. C. Bell, formerly of this place, since the first of the year.

"The first floor of the industrial building is occupied by the classes in plastering, stone masonary and stone cutting and bricklaying classes. A large number of specimens of work done were found here, in all varieties. Some excellent and model walls, arches, etc., were standing here. Many specimens of the work were almost perfect. It was remarkable as a display of what may be accomplished by careful instruction in a short period of time."

Fire at Ansonville.

Fire Thursday destroyed several business houses at Ansonville,, a town on the Beech Creek railroad, twelve miles from Curwensville.

The total loss will amount to about $35,000. The individual losses are as follows: Bloom block, $8,000; C. D. McMurray, general store, $8,000; J. M. McDowell, store and residence, $5,000; Samuel Weigate, store and residence, $3,000; Frank Shoening, store, $2,500; Samuel Witherow, store, $2,000. Besides these the Presbyterian parsonage, drug store, the Odd Fellows' hall, millinery store of Miss Edith Strong and some other buildings on which the amount of loss could not be learned, were destroyed. The total amount of insurance, $19,000.

Poultry on Small Farms.

The keeping of 200 hens on a ten-acre farm would not interfere with growing full crops of corn, potatoes or grass, and by adopting a system of soiling a small dairy, say four cows, might be kept on ten acres in connection with poultry-growing. The cows would furnish manure to keep a part of the land in a very high state of cultivation, and the skim milk given to drink, used to mix the dough or made into curd for young fowls, would furnish excellent food for them. If one or two acres of land could be devoted to potatoes all unsalable ones would make good chicken feed. Just to what extent anyone should go into poultry, or kinds they should keep, each one must determine for himself. In some cases it will pay best to keep only one kind of thoroughbred fowls, and sell the eggs and fowls for breeding purposes, but this will require some skill in advertising and care of breeding. The most successful poultry grower of my acquaintance kept pure Plymouth Rocks and also bred turkeys, ducks and geese.

Woodsmen Enlisting.

Captain Ellicott and Surgeon Furbush, who came to Williamsport last week for the purpose of recruiting twenty-five woodsmen for the United States volunteer engineers, have left with the men for Peekskill. On Monday and Tuesday the recruiting officers were at North Bend where they secured sixteen men. Captain Ellicott said that the scene around that place was the most touching he ever saw. The women brought baskets of flowers to the recruits and a rousing sendoff was given the volunteers. A band of music took part in the demonstration.

THE NEWS AT WASHINGTON

How It Was Received at the Nation's Capitol.

A MOST REMARKABLE SIEGE

Next is Porto Rico Says Secretary Alger—General Nelson A. Miles Will Command This Expedition.

WATSON TO SAIL FOR SPAIN

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The first chapter in the land campaign of the United States against Spain closed yesterday when the Spanish colors gave place over Santiago to the American flag. Next will follow the transportation of the Spanish troops back to their native land and the capture of the island of Porto Rico, unless peace soon intervenes,

The siege of Santiago had lasted two weeks and was remarkable in many respects and in none more than the heavy percentage of loes through death, wounds or sickness of the soldiers and sailors engaged on both sides. Looking back over the record of the last two weeks it is seen that a great ironclad squadron has been destroyed, that nearly 1,000 Spanish sailors have been drowned or killed by shell and that an untold number of Spanish soldiers have died in the trenches of Santiago. On the other hand about 250 American soldiers have been killed and in round numbers 2,000 more have been sent to the hospitals from wounds, fevers and other ailments. Our fleet had a remarkable exemption from disaster in the many engagements it has had with the forts at the entrance of the harbor and with the Spanish squadron.

"Next is Porto Rico," said Secretary Alger, after receiving news of Santiago's surrender, "and then, if need be, *Havana*." The secretary was in excellent spirits. He had been more anxious than he dared to show as to the condition of our sick seldiers and looked with apprehension upon the possibility of a prolongation of the struggle in the unhealthy valley of Santiago. The secretary said the Porto Rican expedition would go forward immediately. It will comprise new men entirely. The warriors in the trenches before Santiago have distinguished themselves and it is not deemed prudent to bring them in unnecessary contact with new troops in view of the danger of spreading contagion. The sick soldiers will be nursed back to health and brought to the United States as soon as they can be safely removed. Immune regiments will be ordered to Santiago to garrison the town, and as stated in these dispatches yesterday two of these regiments are already under orders to proceed.

The Porto Rican expedition will be commanded by General Miles in person, though General Brooke, now in command at Camp Thomas, is expected to be his main dependence. The size of the expedition will depend upon General Miles' wishes, although it is believed that 25,000 men will be sufficient for the purpose. At San Juan the navy will be of greater assistance than it was at Santiago, owing to the possibility of approaching the town more closely without risking contact with mines. General Brooke is now on his way to Washington by direction of Secretary Alger so that he will be in a position to make his views known to the department. The experience gained in dispatching Shafter's expedition, it is expected, will aid the officials in their determination to make short work of the Porto Rican affair. There will be plenty of troops available for the expedition as the government has devised other means of removing the Spaniards captured at Santiago to Spain than by carrying them in these transports. That the navy is ready to do its share at short notice goes without saying. Porto Rico is not expected to offer a very formidable resistance. It is believed that the moral effect of yesterday's surrender at Santiago will be to discourage the defenders of San Juan. There is, however, always the prospect that peace may ensue before hostilities have progressed against Spain's eastermost West India Island.

Rumors were afloat yesterday afternoon to the effect that the Spanish government at last had made overtures in that direction, but their basis probably was the current belief that one more reverse to the Spanish arms would be sufficient to sue for peace, and this reverse was furnished by the surrender of Toral's army. The navy department has not been affected by these rumors to the extent of relaxing any of its precautions or abandoning any of its plans, for Secretary Long stated unequivocally yesterday that Commodore Watson's eastern squadron would certainly go to Spain as soon as it could sail.

Repairing the Court House.

The county commissioners are making extensive repairs at the Court house. Last week workmen began to put a new metallic ceiling in the court room. The walls will also be repapered and the woodwork painted. The outside will also be repainted and this contract has been awarded to James Houser of Bellefonte. All the repairs are to be completed at once and finished in time for August term of court.

Snow Balling.

About one young woman in ten nowadays would dare to run out bare headed and bare handed and frolic and snow ball in midwinter. They have to be muffled up like hot-house flowers before they dare venture out in severe weather, and even then would shudder at the thought of rollicking in the snow as their grandmothers did!

The trouble lies in the fact that too few women enjoy perfect health and strength of the special womanly organism. A woman who is not well and strong locally cannot enjoy good general health. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood. It is the most perfect and scientific remedy ever devised for the peculiar ailments of women. It restores womanly power, strength and virility. It tones and builds up the nerves which have been shattered by suffering and disease. It corrects all irregularities and derangements and stops exhausting drains. It restores weak, nervous invalids to perfect health. It is intended for this one class of disorders and is good for no other. It is the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. No other known medicine can take its place.

"I have been troubled with female weakness that my physician called catarrh of the womb," writes Miss Tean Conner, of Catfish, Clarion Co., Pa. "I doctored for it and did not get better. At last I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I got better right along and when I had taken four bottles was cured. I recommended the 'Favorite Prescription' to a friend of mine. She has been using it and thinks it is wonderful."

Constipation is a little illness that if neglected builds a big one. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe.

The Vesuvius.

Only a little cotton
Only a little cough;
Only a town in atoms
Three or four miles off.

THE Musical College at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., is now in session and will continue without vacation until the holidays giving young people an opportunity of attending a term of six weeks or more at a trifling expense, and can be admitted at any time. For catalogue and information address,

HENRY B. MOYER, Freeburg, Pa.

For a Charitable Institution.

The Masonic fraternity laid the corner stone Tuesday July 12 for the new home for the friendless at Williamsport. The ceremonies were conducted by *District* Deputy Grand Master John K. Hayes. *Hon. Henry* C. Parsons delivered the oration. The new home, when completed, will be a magnificent structure, one of the handsomest, most commodious and conveniently arranged in this section of the state. It is located in a beautiful spot in Vallamont, just north of the city and in the rear of the Williamsport hospital.

—See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the grapes. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world

Another Company for the Fifth.

WELLSBORO, Pa., July 15.—A full company of United States infantry was mustered in here yesterday. They were escorted to the railroad station by George Cook post, G. A. R., Union Veteran Legion No. 105 and a band, and left for Chickamauga amid the cheering of thousands.

The officers of the company, which is known as Company F, Fifth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers, will be: First lieutenant R. E. Gambell; second lieutenant, Edson J. Catlin; first sergeant, A. L. Bailey; second sergeant, L. H. Kilbourne; third sergeant, Paul Edwards, all of Wellsboro.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 15.—Company F, of the Fifth Pennsylvania volunteers, passed through this city this evening from Wellsboro en route to Chickamauga to join the regiment. Governor Hastings and Adjutant General Stewart were at the depot to greet the troops. Four additional companies will be mustered into the United States service to complete Pennsylvania's quota under the second call for volunteers. A company will be mustered to-day at Gettysburg and another on Saturday at Jeannette. Two companies will be mustered in at Philadelphia next week to be attached to the Third regiment at Tampa, Fla

Broke Jail at Ridgway.

Three prisoners escaped from the jail at Ridgway Tuesday in daylight. They wrenched two iron bars from one of the windows on the upper floor and lowered themselves to the ground by a rope made of bedclothing. Their escape was discovered about a half hour after being given their evening meal. Two of the men were awaiting trial for burglary and the third for assault.

Was Born in Bellefonte.

It may be news to some of our citizens, the younger ones especially that Col. Evan Miles, of the 15th infantry, who is commanding the extreme right of General Shafter's line in front of Santiago de Cuba, was born right here in Bellefonte.

His father was Richard Miles, one of the early residents, and a nephew of Joseph Miles deceased, whose late home is on East Bishop street, just opposite the Catholic church.

In 1861 Evans was commissioned a 2nd Lieutenant in the regular army by Simon Cameron, then secretary of war. He fought with distinction all through the rebellion and continued in the service afterwards. He has been a great Indian campaigner and brilliant service is expected of him in the present war.

The mother of Col. Miles was a Miss Van Cleve who was a teacher in the Bellefonte Academy when Robert Valentine and his generation were boys more than fifty years ago.

He visited Bellefonte about fifteen years ago with his wife, she having spent most of the summer with friends in this place.

Sudden Death at Aaronsburg.

J. H. Kerstetter, ususally called John George, while scuffling with a young man named Kreamer on July 13th, dropped over and in a few moments was dead. The boys fanned him and at once went for Dr. Musser, who on arriving found him dead. He was carried home. He leaves a wife and child and widowed mother, Polly George, whose husband, about three years ago, was found dead at the stable, where he had gone before supper to do his chores. His death was due to heart failure.

Females are Weakly Persons.

At this season should use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Physicians recommend it as a strengthening and blood purifying tonic and the best wine to be obtained.

Millions of Endeavorers.

The wonderful growth and development of the young people's societies interested in Christian work and the vast influence for good wielded by them is again brought prominently to the attention of all by the international convention of Christian Endeavor societies now in session at Nashville, Tenn. The figures presented in the annual report of the secretary, John Willis Baer, are a revelation to those who have not followed the work and growth of this great organization of young people.

The report of the secretary shows that under the banner of Christian Endeavor is enrolled an army of more than three and one quarter millions of members, divided among 54,941 societies and representing every country in the world with the exception of Russia.

There are in the United States alone 41,222 societies. Pennsylvania takes the lead among the states with 3,679 societies, New York being the second with 3,117. These figures do not include the Junior, Intermediate and other societies.

Pennsylvania was awarded the banner for the largest absolute gain in the number of societies during the past year, having made the remarkable advance of 424 societies. The Keystone state also wins the Junior badge banner for the largest gain in Junior societies during the year.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy

CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Trees and Tides.

A curious theory has been propounded by an Italian vine grower, to the effect that the sap of a living tree ebbs and flows in some way sympathetic with the tides of the ocean. This vine grower, who is also a chemist and a cultivator of orchard trees, says that no tree should be lopt or pruned except during the hours of ebb tide. He has taken fourteen years to come to this conclusion, and now always acts upon it. The result is that his vines and trees have developed beautiful foilage, bears splendid crops and are quite free from the attacks of the insects which devastate surrounding properties.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Letter from a Woman

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy frequently cures several members of a family. While it is considered by many to be a Kidney and Bladder Medicine, it is just as certain to cure Dyspepsia, Constipation, Rheumatism, Scrofula and Eczema. This is because it first puts the Kidneys in a healthy condition, so they can sift all impurities from the blood. Healthy blood practically means a completely healthy body.

Here is a letter from Mrs. Capt. PETER RACE, of Hudson, N. Y.: "My husband was troubled with his kidneys, and suffered fearfully with shooting pains through his back. He took ***Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy,*** and is now well and strong. Although seventy years of age, he is as hearty as a man many years younger. I was so troubled with Dyspepsia that it was painful for me to walk. My food did me no good, as my stomach could not digest it. Somebody recommended ***Favorite Remedy*** to me, and after taking two bottles of it I was completely cured, and am feeling splendid now. We both attribute our good health to ***Favorite Remedy.***"

It is prescribed with unfailing success for Nerve Troubles, and for the Liver and Blood it is a specific. It has cured many that were beyond the aid of other medicine. Ask your druggist for it, and insist upon getting it. Don't take a substitute. It will cost you $1.00 for a regular full-sized bottle.

Sample Bottle Free

If you want to try ***Favorite Remedy*** before buying, send your full post-office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and *mention this paper.* They will send you a free trial bottle, all charges prepaid. This genuine offer is made to prove to everybody what a wonderful medicine it is.

HENCH & DROMGOLD'S

SAWMILL AND ENGINES

A wonderful improvement in **Friction Feeds** and **Gig-Back.** Back motion of Carriage **3 times** as fast as any other in the market. **Friction Clutch Feed,** causing all the feed gearing to stand still while backing; **great saving in power and wear.** Catalogue and prices free. Also **Spring Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Shellers,** etc.
Mention this paper.
HENCH & DROMGOLD, Mfrs., York, Pa.

You Risk Nothing

by giving our brush a trial. If you do not find it to be as represented after six months' use, bring it back and we will refund the money.

What can be fairer?

Dr. Scott's Electric Hair Brush

IS WARRANTED TO CURE

Nervous Headache in 5 minutes! Bilious Headache in 5 minutes! Neuralgia in 5 minutes! Dandruff and diseases of the scalp! Prevents falling hair and baldness! Makes the hair grow long and glossy!

Prices No. 1 Hair Brush, $1. No. 2 Hair Brush, $1.50 No. 3 Hair Brush, $2. No. 4 Hair Brush, $2.50 No. 5 Hair Brush, $3.

Quality the same in all; the price differs only according to size and power.

For Sale at Druggists and Dry Goods Stores.

Ask for Dr Scott's; take no other; or we will send on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage, and if you are not well satisfied with your bargain, write us and we will return the money.

"The Doctor's Story," a valuable book giving information concerning all our goods, sent on request.

Agents Wanted. Quick sales. Liberal pay. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GEO. A. SCOTT,
842 Broadway, N. Y.

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you can make money by selling and using **HOLDFAST Corn Binders,** used on every shock. Full and it's fast. Ties itself. Costs less than string. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency now. Outfit 5c., stamps. **TIE CO., Box 522 Uniontown, N.Y.**

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HIRES Rootbeer?
The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.
HIRES
Rootbeer
is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.
Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila.
A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

cures Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists

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PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

PILES "ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail, postpaid, free. Address "ANAKESIS" New York City

War with Spain!

Reliable War News

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GENERAL BLANCO!

He is Alleged to Have Tried to Commit Suicide.

WAS IN HIS OWN PALACE

When He Came to Himself He Ordered That No Food Supplies Should Leave Havana for the Interior of Cuba.

MANY TROOPS ARE IN THE CITY

KEY WEST, Fla., July 14.—According to advices from Havana received here yesterday Governor General Blanco attempted to commit suicide when he learned beyond a doubt that Admiral Cervera's squadron had been annihilated. Long before the Spanish admiral's gallant dash out of Santiago harbor all Havana had been boasting of his ability to outwit the Americans and when misleading dispatches gave the impression that he had eluded the American fleet the demonstrations of joy in the Cuban capital partook of the nature of a festival.

When the true story of the defeat came it was discredited until definite confirmation from Madrid no longer left room for hope. Gloom settled upon the city, all gaities were stopped and every public and many private buildings were hung with crepe and other black draperies. Blanco was in his palace when the intelligence reached him and he became almost frenzied.

He was closeted with his staff and General Arolasf of the Spanish forces, discussing the news when he made the attempt on his life. After a struggle he was subdued and disarmed, but the shock was so severe that he was prostrated and compelled to keep his bed for several days. When he arose his first order was to prohibit any food supplies leaving Havana for interior towns where the distress is most poignant and where many are starving daily. This and other valuable information was brought by Joseph Pauline Blanco, who indignantly repudiated a suggestion of kinship with the governor general. He says he is a loyal Cuban and escaped to avoid the necessity of fighting against his cause, as every man in the island who is able to bear arms is being pressed into the Spanish service. He obtained a fisherman's permit to go outside of Morro and at 6 o'clock Monday morning put off in a small boat.

The United States gunboat Bancroft was stationed six miles out and he rowed to her, the Oojimar battery, east of Havana, firing two shots at him when he was observed passing beyond the prescribed limits. The Bancroft transferred him to another vessel and he was brought here, where the local junta will care for him. The sailors of the ships made up a liberal money subscription for him and gave him some new clothes.

Blanco says the living conditions in Havana are constantly growing worse, the greatest distress necessary falling on the Cubans, because nearly all the food is seized for the troops. Of these there are about 70,000 in the city, consisting of volunteers, mobilized troops, militia and regulars. Their rations are largely rice and beans without even bacon. Jerked beef, Blanco says, sell for 30 cents a pound, bread of poor quality for 50 cents, lard $1, meat 75 cents, cornmeal 25 cents and rice 50 cents. Shark too is very eagerly sought and the day before Blanco left the city 31 sharks in Havana had been sold for $13.50.

These of the reconcentradoes who have sufficient influence with the dispensing authorities sometimes contrive to get one wretched meal a day but the others starve and it is no uncommon thing, says Blanco, to see persons drop dead in the street. Even among the Spaniards starvation is rapidly snapping their loyalty and large numbers of men are banding themselves tozether awaiting the first attack on Havana as a signal for revolt. The grocery and provision stores are empty and the only article on the Havana wharves are about a thousand barrels of cement, wet and useless. Only liquor is to be had cheaply. Work on defenses, he says continue with tiresome vigor.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Opera Bouffe in the Ladrones.

It in a misfortune that Offenbach is dead. In all his brilliant fertility of conception in plotting and framing his catching operas that first captured France and then the world, he never had a plot equal to that exhibited in Spanish opera bouffe at the Ladrones.

The Spanish captain general, with a powderless fort, ignorant that war had been declared against his nation two months before, mistaking the firing upon his fortifications as a salute to the flag, and, his Spanish pride forbidding him to leave Spanish soil; sending two brilliantly arrayed officers to apologize for not returning the salute because there was no powder in the fort with which to fire it—this is a situation worthy of his genius.—Phila. Times.

THE NEW REVENUE LAW.

Decisions Important to the County Commissioners.

Congressman Hicks, at the request of J. Horace Smith, Esq., solicitor for Blair county, submitted recently to the commissioner of internal revenue a question as to the liability of county commissioners and county treasurers under the new tax law.

Recently Mr. Hicks received a reply from the commissioner in which the commissioner says, "that an order drawn by county commissioners in their official capacity upon the county treasurer in discharge of the duties imposed upon them by law is not subject to the stamp tax."

The commissioner further says as to the county treasurer: That the county treasurer drawing a check on the bank and signing it in his official capacity as county treasurer, in payment of an order drawn upon him by the county commissioners, must be regarded as the exercise of a function belonging to him strictly as an officer of the county, and therefore no stamp is required to be affixed to such check."

It has generally been supposed that when the county treasurer deposited his money in a bank that such deposit was for the convenience of the treasurer, and that the checks of the treasurer would be subject to the stamp tax. The commissioner, however, holds, as is noticed by his decision above quoted, that checks drawn by the county treasurer as such and signed as such are not subject to the stamp tax. If this be a proper interpretation of the law we suppose it applies equally to checks issued by a city or borough treasurer.

Waited Too Long Before Cutting.

It is said that the farmers of Tioga county lost between $5,000 and $6,000 because their hay did not have the bright green color so admired by city dealers. It is claimed that had the hay been cut a few days earlier the desirable color would have been retained.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

Prof. A. Reist Rutt for County Superintendent.

Prof. A. Reist Rutt principal of the Bellefonte High School, has announced himself as a candidate for County Superintendent. The election will take place May 1899. Prof. Rutt is one of the most scholarly, and most earnest school workers in centre county. Possessed of the essential qualifications, success-ful experience as a teacher, a graduate of one of the best normal schools of our State, and a graduate of one of our leading colleges, he is certainly especially fitted for the responsibility and trust that would be imposed in him, should he be elected as our county superintendent.

CASTORIA.
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Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.

Group of Girls Carrying Weighty Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.

The Speer Wine Company, Passaic N. J.,

have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world, their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal; as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe, who have tried them recommend them as the best.

A close study by physicians on the effect of different brands of wines on the system convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

We Believe in Reciprocity.

Pretty soon now we will hear much about sending the city children to the country for "fresh air." It is done every summer, and the country people are always glad to entertain them. But somehow or other the country children are never taken to the cities in the winter to see the sights. Something in the nature of reciprocity in this matter would be in order. There is much in the cities that would tend to do the country boys and girls fully as much good as the pure air does those from the cities.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S Favorite Remedy
The one sure cure for The Kidneys, Liver and Blood

Wanted 1000 Cats,

They must be all white with the following words in red letters 2½ inches in size on each side—"If you are run down—nerves tired—blood impoverished—weak and distressed Try Green's Comp. Ext. Sarsaparilla."—*It is the best blood purifier in the market*—100 full doses—Can cut it in advertisement and bring it with you and we will allow you for it, one fourth the price of the bottle.

Green's Pharmacy.

Bush House Block, Bellefonte

15 Women Wanted for traveling position with old established firm. Permanent. Pays $40 a month and all expenses. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 25 Locust St., Phila., Pa.

WANTED. An active lady or gentleman to sell the pocket edition of "Ready Reference of Important Facts." Sell at sight. Send 25 cents for sample copy and terms to the UNION PUBLISHING CO., York, Penn'a.

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A small stem-winding watch, nickel silver cases, nickel movement, warranted for five years, for selling 25 packages of best Bluing at 10 cents each. **NO MONEY REQUIRED.** Send address and we foward Blueing by mail; when sold return the money and we send watch. Can be sold in one day to neighbors and friends. Every boy and girl should have a good reliable watch; here is the opportunity. A pair of Barney & Berry steel skates for selling 28 packages.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

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Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
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SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

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PANSIES, NASTURTIUMS SWEET PEAS, one Pkt. of each variety for only **6 cts.** and the Address of Two Friends

Including Free copy of 1898 Catalogue and Floral Culture,
MISS C. H. MIFFLINCOTT, 310 Sixth Street So., Minneapolis, Minn.

WIN A TEN ACRE FRUIT & TRUCK FARM

the Garden State of Delaware, near all the large markets of the country. Only 5 hours from New York, four Rail Roads, School and Post Office. High rolling land; no hills or stones, rich soil, mild healthy climate, only a short distance from sea shore, plenty of fishing and hunting. $10 down, balance in small monthly payments. Send for our paper which gives full information. Delaware Land and Improvement Company, 11 Broadway, New York City.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HAIR HEALTH

Never fails to Renew Youthful Color and Life to Gray Hair.

Use DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. Covers BALD spots. Stops dandruff, hair falling, scalp diseases. Don't stain skin or linen. Absolutely harmless.

Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Best HAIR GROWER DRESSING for Men, Women, Children. If your hair is FALLING, FADING or TURNING GRAY try at once DR. HAY'S HAIR HEALTH.

Only 50 Cents Per Large Bottle,

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BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1898.

W. E. GRAY, Chairman, Bellefonte.
HARRY KELLER, Secretary.
G. W. REES' Asst. Sec.
J. T MITCHELL, Asst. Sec.

DISTRICT.	NAME	ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	Jas I McClure	"
" W W	S H Williams	"
Centre Hall boro	B D Brisbin	Centre Hall
Howard "	Hayes Schenck	Howard
Milesburg "	A S Smith	Milesburg
Millheim "	John Sch eifer,	Millheim
Philipsburg 1 w	P E Womelsdorf	Philipsburg
" "2	Geo E Chandler,	Philipsburg
" "3	Harry Simler	"
South Philipsburg	Ira M Stover	Ph'sbg
Unionville Boro	Riley Pratt	Fleming
Benner twp, N P	Benner Way,	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P	Geo. W. Miller,	"
Boggs Twp E P	J M Parker	Roland
Boggs Twp W P	J A Crider	Milesburg
Boggs Twp N P	James Croft	Milesburg
Burnside Twp	Samuel Beightol	Moshannon
College Twp	J W Getz	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
College boro	Philip D Foster	State Coll.
Ferguson Twp E P	Claudius B Hess	Fairbrook
Ferguson " W P	J W Sunday	Rock Springs
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg " W P,	W S Musser,	Spring Mills
Gregg " E P,	Jos. K. Bitner,	Penn Hall
Haines " E P	E H Musser	Woodward
Haines " W P	Dr C S Musser	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	F N Wyre	Loveville
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	Daniel Yothers	Julian
Liberty "	H A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion "	R K Wilson	Walker
Miles E P	John DeLong	Livonia
" N. P.	Sam'l Strohecker	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton "	Frank Clemson	Benore
Penn "	James Cooney	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Pot'rs Mills
Rush " N P	Thomas James.	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Harry S Stuart,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P	J I Yarnell	Snow Snow
" W P.	Boston Viehdorfer,	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Wm Saylor Sr	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	M F Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	Wryeman T Noll,	Bellefonte
Taylor "	Christ Sharer	Hannah
Union "	Lunoy Lucas	Fleming
Worth "	H H Osman	Port Matilda
Walker "	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" "	George Gobble	Nittany
" "	Christ Decker	Zion

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

CONGRESS.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Please announce my name as a candidate for Congress in the 28th Congressional District of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican Primaries of Centre County and the decision of the Conferees representing the different counties of the district.

CLEMENT DALE.

Bellefonte, Pa., July 21, 1898.

LEGISLATURE.

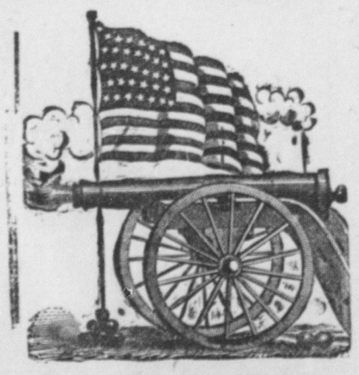
We are authorized to announce as a candidate for the Legislature E. F. Townsend, of Philipsburg, subject to the decision of the Republican County convention.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN A. DALEY, of Curtin Township, as a candidate for the Legislature, subject to the decision of the Republican county convention.

PROTHONOTARY.

I hereby announce my name as a candidate for Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican convention.

A. C. WILLIAMS,
Huston Twp.



Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVENOR
WM. A. STONE,
Of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPERIOR COURT.
WILLIAM W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia.
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
Of Allegheny.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
SAMUEL A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.
GALUSHA A. GROW.
of Susquehanna.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

"A PERFECT FOOD—as Wholesome as it is Delicious."

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

BREAKFAST COCOA

"Has stood the test of more than 100 years' use among all classes, and for purity and honest worth is unequalled."
—Medical and Surgical Journal.

Costs less than ONE CENT a Cup.
Trade-Mark on Every Package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
TRADE-MARK. Established 1780. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18, 1898.

On to Porto Rico! and on to Spain! are now the twin watchwords of President McKinley and his administration. Commodore Watson's fleet will probably be on the way to Spain before this is printed, and the expedition against Porto Rico will be started at the earliest possible moment. Havana is to be left alone for the time being, as the delay is daily weakening the effectiveness of Blanco's troops.

Gen. Shafter's great victory in the capture of Santiago and 25,000 troops, with their arms and ammunition, would have caused much more rejoicing had it not been accompanied by the news that the yellow fever had broken out in our army at Santiago. Everything that money and science and medical skill can do to stamp out the disease is being done, and the reports indicate that the fever is so far of a mild type, but there will be much uneasiness until the full extent of the infection becomes known.

The War department is perfecting arrangements to send the Spaniards, who surrendered at Santiago, back to Spain, under parole, in accordance with the terms of surrender, and they will be hurried off as soon as possible. Sending them to Spain is the best possible thing to do with them. It will be cheaper than feeding them and keeping them as prisoners, either in Cuba or in the United States, and even if it was not it would still be the best way to get rid of them.

Secretary Alger is very proud of a letter he has received from a gentleman who held high command in the Union army during the civil war and who has a world-wide reputation as an authority on military matters. The tenor of the letter may be judged from this extract: "You have shown the world what American staff departments under a head of great executive ability can create in an emergency. It is difficult to create an army, equip it and move it, and it requires a peculiar kind of ability."

The total amount of subscriptions to the war bonds was $1,365,000,000, and would doubtless have been twice as large had not the certainty that they would not get any prevented many large financial concerns from offering to take big blocks of the bonds. The meaning of this offer of our own citizens to loan the government one billion, three hundred and sixty-five millions of dollars, at three per cent. interest, will be more fully appreciated in Europe than among ourselves; we requred no such proof of the patriotism of our people. President McKinley is much pleased to know that the entire issue of bonds will go to individuals, not one of whom will get more than $5,000, and that almost half of the $200,000,000 will go out in lots of $500 or less. It is a popular loan sure enough.

As an additional proof that Americans always keep near the head of the procession, whether they are engaged in fighting with deadly weapons or in the struggle for the almighty dollar, it may be mentioned that applications for authority to establish National banks in the following places have been filed at the Treasury department: Honolulu, Havana, San Juan, Porto Rico and Manila.

A Washington delegation of the Red Cross society made a thorough personal investigation of the arrangements for the comfort of the sick and wounded in the hospital at Fortress Monroe and report all patients comfortably provided for in the way of accommodations. To meet a need the Red Cross has issued an appeal for contributions of delicacies for the patients.

Gen. Miles added much to his popularity by giving Gen. Shafter entire credit for the victorious campaign against Santiago, in his official dispatches to Secretary Alger, and proved that he meant exactly what he said when he went to Cuba: that he was going to make observations, and not to supercede Gen. Shafter.

It might be supposed from the tenor of the European cable news, that negotiations for peace between the United States and Spain were under way. Such is not the case. There have been no negotiations; in fact, no word from Spain on the subject. This government has had an ample sufficiency of negotiating with Spain, and it is not likely to countenance any in connection with peace. There will be no need for any. When Spain thinks she has been thrashed sufficiently, she can obtain our terms of peace by asking for them. As they will not be deviated from, there will be no occasion for any negotiations; the terms must be either accepted or rejected at once. The statement that President McKinley had told the terms of peace to a European diplomat, in order that he might make them known to Spain, was a bare-faced lie, with not even a probable foundation. It is not customary for the victorious country to offer terms of peace before they are asked for, and any statement that President McKinley has done so, or that he intends doing so, may be put down as manufactured.

The Bellefonte Postoffice.

The following news dispatch, dated Washington, July 13, will be of interest to our readers:

David Martin, of Philadelphia, and Attorney General McCormick called at the Postoffice department to-day and saw Postmaster General Smith regarding the appointment of a postmaster at Bellefonte, Pa. Representative Arnold some time ago recommended a man for the place and Mr. Martin came down to oppose Mr. Arnold's man and recommended another. What action the postmaster general will take in the matter is not known, but it is understood that the president has already promised the appointment of a postmaster at Bellefonte to Representative Arnold, and it is probable that his man will secure the place.

EARNED NOT BOUGHT.

Staying power counts in a long and Stern Race.

Bellefonte people need not be told how hard it is to earn a good reputation, and how easy it is to lose one. After such a lose it is well nigh impossible to recover the ground and the majority who have slipped by the wayside have been forced to stay there. As with a man's reputation so it is with medical preparations. Some achieve a reputation that stays with them. It is founded on intrinsic merit and not sustained by elaborate advertising. It faces the public backed up by honesty and works its way quietly but thoroughly. Bellefonte people want no better proof of the reputation earned by Doan's Kidney Pills than the following experience from a citizen:

A prominent hotel man says: "I have not changed my mind regarding Doan's Kidney Pills which did me so much good over two year ago. What they did for me was done permanently. At the time they relieved me of a depressing backache and lameness across my kidneys and I recommend them as ardently now as I did then. I have not had the pains in my back since. Doan's Kidney Pills are all right.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo. N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

—The Santiago mango tree now takes its place by the side of the Appomattox apple tree.

TERMS AGREED ON!

The Nine Articles Relative to Capitulation.

TORAL WAS GREATLY CAST DOWN

Transportation Will be Required for Between 22,000 and 25,000 Spanish Troops—General Miles Much Pleased.

GENEROSITY OF AMERICAN SEAMEN

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Monday, July 18.—The formal sanction of the Madrid government of the terms of capitulation Sunday unraveled the tangled skein of demands and counter-demands between the opposing commanders which threatened Saturday to end the negotiations and compel a return to arms. After numerous conferences had resulted in the agreement already sanctioned by General Blanco, General Toral decided that the approval of the Madrid government was necessary before he would leave the city.

General Shafter maintained that no such approval was necessary; that when General Toral agreed to surrender the province of Santiago, and General Blanco sanctioned it, the agreement of surrender became an accomplished fact. He insisted that General Toral either surrendered on Thursday or acted in bad faith, but documentary evidence bore out the fact that General Toral mentioned that he only capitulated, subject to his goverment's approval and the six commissioners by whom the articles were signed at 2.10 o'clock Saturday afternoon so ruled.

The whole matter was cleared up Sunday morning, however, when General Toral received the necessary sanction from Madrid.

The first declares that all hostilities shall cease pending the agreement of final capitulation. The others are:

Second. That the capitulation includes all the Spanish forces and the surrender of all war material within the prescribed limits.

Third. The transportation of the troops to Spain at the earliest possible moment, the force to be embarked at the nearest port.

Fourth. That the Spanish officers shall retain their side arms and the enlisted men their personal property.

Fifth. That after the final capitulation the Spanish forces shall assist in the removal of all obstructions to navigation in Santiago harbor.

Sixth. That after the final capitulation the commanding officers shall furnish a complete inventory of all arms and munitions of war and a roster of all the soldiers in the district.

Seventh. That the Spanish general shall be permitted to take the military archives and records with him.

Eighth. That all guerrillas and Spanish irregulars shall be permitted to remain in Cuba if they so select, giving a parole that they will not again take up arms against the United States unless properly released from parole.

Ninth. That the Spanish forces shall be permitted to march out with all the honors of war, depositing their arms to be disposed of by the United States in the future, the American commissioners to recommend to the government that the arms of the soldiers be returned to those "who so bravely defended them."

The articles were signed Saturday afternoon after a four hours' session of the commissioners, who agreed that the terms of capitulation should await the sanction of the Madrid government.

General Toral, the white haired commander of the Spanish forces, was present throughout the session and appeared to be utterly heart-broken. He spoke bitterly of the fate which compelled him to sue for peace, but had no word to say against the gallant men who had conquered his army. He declared that he had little chance to win. "I would not desire to see my worst enemy play with the cards I held," he said to one of the commissioners. "Every one of my generals was killed or wounded. I have not a single colonel left and am surrounded by a powerful enemy. We have counted sixty-seven ships off this port.

—Lock Haven patriots raised a pole 80 feet high Monday and pulled a 20x37 ft. flag to the top of it. It was raised on the green opposite the court house in that place.

HOWARD ITEMS.

Miss Mary Weber, one of our charming young ladies, returned home from Beech Creek last Monday, where she had been visiting her friend, Miss Gertie Linn.

Miss Zimmerman, of Milesburg, is visiting at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. A. M. Butler.

Mr. Clarence Candy of Tyrone spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Soloman Candy, on Walnut street.

Messrs. Tom Grenninger and Joe Runkle two of Bellefonte's promising young gentlemen passed through Howard on their wheels last Sunday.

Mr. James Hogan returned home from the woods last Saturday, where he has been working this summer.

Mr. Abe Weber is building a new porch in front of his house on Main street, which will greatly beautify his already pleasant home.

Mrs Ellie Counsel of Altoona is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles Leathers on Walnut street.

The members of the Catholic church of this place will hold a festival on Lauths' green at the Furnace next Saturday evening to which all are cordially invited.

Mrs. Harry Stitzer and her little son, Marius, of Phillipsburg, New Jersey, are visiting at the former's mother-in-law Mrs. Marius Miner.

Mr. Harry Williams, one of the promising young gentlemen, who enlisted in Company B. from this place is now one of the cooks for the same company at Chickamauga.

Miss Nellie Zerby of Lock Haven is visiting her friend Miss Jennie Henderson.

Mrs. K. G. Shutt and three daughters, formerly of this place, but now of Kane, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Shutt's parents Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Gardner.

Last week Mr. Balser Weber, one of our most prominent business men, was taken ill very suddenly suffering from hemorrhages of the stomach; but we are now glad to inform the many readers of the REPUBLICAN that he is convalescing.

Mrs. Wilds and daughter, of Portland, Me., who have been visiting here for some time, departed for home last Thursday.

Mrs S. E. Hensyl transacted business in Bellefonte last Tuesday.

Mrs. William Aley and family of Kane, are visiting Mrs. Aley's father Mr. J. Z. Long.

Mrs. Edward Neff, of Chicago, and Mrs. Lot Neff of this place spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Robert Neff in Tyrone.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the United Evangelical church of this place will hold a festival in the school house yard on August 6, to which the public are cordially invited.

Master George Hensyl is visiting at the home of Mr. Emil Joseph in Bellefonte.

Miss Maud DeHass arrived home from Pittsburg last Friday where she will make a short visit.

Give the Boys Mausers.

The surrender of Toral's army will presumably place from 15,000 to 20,000 Mauser magazine rifles, with smokeless ammunition, in the hands of this government. Why would it not be an excellent thing to distribute these fine modern weapons to the volunteers at once?

Our regulars have the Krag-Jorgensen rifle, which, like the Mauser, is a repeater, using smokeless powder. But the volunteers are armed with the old style, single shot Springfield—a fine gun in its day, but now distinctly outclassed by reason of the fact that its cartridges contain black powder which gives forth a volume of smoke at each discharge.

The man with the smokeless rifle has an enormous advantage over the man with a Springfield.

Spirit of the American Navy.

"Don't cheer—the poor fellows are dying," called Captain Philip, of the Texas, to his crew just as his guns had lighted a great explosion in the Almirante Oquendo and driven the doomed ship ashore. And after the battle was ended Captain Philip "called all hands on quarter-deck and, with bared head, thanked God for the almost bloodless victory. 'I want to make public acknowledgment,' he said, 'that I believe in God the Father Almighty. I want all you officers and men to lift your hats and from your hearts offer silent thanks to the Almighty.'" This is the spirit in which the American navy has fought and won its battles for a hundred years.

COL. W. A. STONE, the Republican candidate for governor, will take his family to Atlantic City for the remainder of the summer. He will spend most of the intervening time with his family until the first of September, when he will open his campaign.

Republican, N. Y. Tribune $1.50

On Face and Hands

Terrible Itching Sores Break Out, Preventing Rest Night or Day—How Relief Was Found.

"I have been troubled for many years with itching sores on my face and hands. I could not rest night or day and the medicine I took did not relieve me, although I tried everything I could hear of. My husband one day got me a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began taking it with the very best results. I have taken seven bottles and am now cured." MRS. JAMES MCLAIN, Mount Arlington, N. J.

"Last winter I broke out with sores on my face. They were as large as a five cent piece. I heard people say so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I determined to try it. In a week after I began taking it the sores commenced to heal, and in a short time they were entirely cured." ARTHUR G. TUNISON, Karrsville, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1; six for $5. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

—A bass fishing party was encamped for a week on the Bald Eagle creek below Howard on Mr. Thomas Thomas' farm, and succeeded in capturing many fine specimens of that finny tribe. They report having an enjoyable time while there. Among the many visitors they entertained was Mr. John Anderson, who at one time was president of the Bellefonte Fishing club. The fishing party was composed of Messrs. W. C. Cassidy, Henry Yeager, James Houser, John Houser, A. B. Young, Charles Houser, Abram Houser and John Stevens. Some of the bass taken weighed four pounds, and one of the party shot a carp that tipped the scales at 15 pounds.

Shake into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting nervous feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for swelling, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

For Superior Court Judge.

Judge William David Porter of Allegheny was yesterday named by the Republican State committee for Judge of the Superior Court. He is at present on the bench having been appointed by Gov. Hastings to succeed Judge J. J. Wicksham. The nomination is considered an unusually strong one on all sides.

The Tax on Telegrams.

Perhaps no one of the new taxes creates more annoyance than the one cent tax on telegrams.

Nobody ought to object to the tax itself. To the ordinary citizen it is much too trifling for that, whatever it may be to great establishments that send multitudes of telegrams has no one-cent stamp in his possession. Neither has the operator at the small office from which he sends his dispatches

Yet he is in a hurry. Otherwise he would not send a dispatch at all.

The whole difficulty may easily be overcome if the treasury department will authorize telegraph companies to keep blanks with engraved stamps on them, charging the extra cent on each message, and, if a message overruns the space on a blank, furnishing unstamped blanks for the succeeding pages.

Nowhere else in the world is it truer that "time is money;" than in the sending of telegraphic dispatches. The new tax is trifling in itself to all but a few. It ought, also, to be made as trifling as possible in its demands upon the time of busy and hurried men.

—If a man were really to discover the North Pole his wife wouldn't let him keep it in the house.

The Successful Remedy for Nasal Catarrh,

must be non-irritating, easy of application, and one that will by its own action reach the inflamed and diseased surfaces.

ELY'S CREAM BALM combines the important requisites of quick action and specific curative powers with perfect safety to the patient. This agreeable remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. All druggists cheerfully acknowledge that in it the acme of Pharmaceutical skill has been reached. The most distressing symptoms quickly yield to it. In acute cases the Balm imparts almost instant relief.

By Absorption.

Catarrh sufferers should remember that Ely's Cream Balm is the only catarrh remedy which is quickly and thoroughly absorbed by the diseased membrane. It does not dry up the secretions, but changes them to a limpid and odorless condition, and finally to a natural and healthy character.

The Balm can be found at any drug store, or by sending 50 cents to Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York, it will be mailed.

Full directions with each package.

Cream Balm opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays inflammation, thereby stopping pain in the head, heals and protects the membrane and restores the senses of taste and smell. The Balm is applied directly into the nostrils.

NO MORE ANDY JOHNSON.

How a Distinguished Friend of the President Views the Campaign.

OLD FEUDS ON THE SHELF.

While All Kinds of Republicans Vote With the Flag.

NO OFF YEARS IN WAR TIME.

Unique Illustration of One Anti-Quay Republican Who Says He Will Leave "the Old Man" in the Hands of Providence Till the War Is Over—No Room For Dickering With the Democracy This Year.

(Special Correspondence.)

Washington, July 19.—"I am glad to see that the Republicans of Pennsylvania have not forgotten Andy Johnson, nor the terrible warning of his career in the White House," said one of the few members of the house ways and means committee who still tarries here in the summer smell of the hot asphalt street pavements.

He says it is to clear up some odds and ends of departmental business. He is known, however, to have the confidence of President McKinley to an unusual degree, and it is more likely that he foreswears the delights and comforts of seashore and mountain at the president's request, in order that his advice may be had in any critical situation which may arise out of the present war. They were old associates in congress, and have been close to each other for many years.

"Under the present circumstances," he continued, with much earnestness, "the election proclamations in the various states ought to appeal to the party spirit of Republicans as the president's call to arms appealed to the patriotism of the country. It should meet with a like response. This is especially true of Pennsylvania, whose magnificent and unswerving Republicanism has so often stood the keynote of party success. We of other states do not forget that Pennsylvania was the state of Curtin, nor fail to remember how Lincoln leaned upon your great war governor in all the darkest hours of the rebellion, and it is among the most gratifying signs of the times to observe by the press reports from what under other circumstances might be discontented sections of your state, that your leaders are patriotically laying their rivalries on the shelf until this war and its problems are settled."

"But with Santiago surrendered, Manila under Dewey's guns, and the Spanish navy either under water or hunting a hiding place up the creek, do you seriously think the war will last past election day?"

"I sincerely hope not, so far as actual fighting goes, but war is like measles or diphtheria. The dregs it leaves are often harder to deal with than the disease itself. The greatest and gravest problems of this war will only begin to be set for the statesmanship of this country when the last gun is fired. It was so after the last war. It will be doubly so after this one. Some of these problems we have upon us already; some we cannot even yet predict. They have come without expectation or warning, and they will likely continue to come that way. Admiral Dewey's guns, in a couple of hours of a Sunday morning, changed the map of the world for generations to come, and the few modest lines in which he announced, in effect, that he had an island empire as large as New England and Pennsylvania ready for the American flag, brought with it questions of international and enduring moment, such as have not confronted us for a hundred years. Is this a time to swap horses, or to quibble over local grievances and differences? Is it a time for Republicans in states like Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, or in any Republican states, to speak with anything but overwhelming majorities?"

"You speak warmly."

"Every Republican who is close to national affairs feels warmly upon this subject. I value above anything else that has come to me in my life the esteem of my neighbors, and the unfailing confidence with which they have returned me year after year to congress, but if it seemed to me tomorrow that some other Republican, my bitterest enemy even, could be elected next November more certainly than I, or that his election would be more significant of the loyalty of my district to the president and the party, I would telegraph my resignation from the ticket, and urge his nomination with all my might. I am by no means alone in this feeling. Shortly after the war began I received a call here in Washington from a distinguished gentleman in my district who made a vigorous campaign against my nomination two years ago, chiefly urging that I had been in congress so long that I had become negligent of local interests. He had been openly pointed out as likely to run on an independent ticket against me this year with Democratic support. He traveled all the way to Washington to notify me that the war had changed the situation. He offered to go into the convention as one of the delegates, if I desired it, saying frankly at the same time that he made no pledges beyond this year. Said he:

"'I know I am throwing away (or rather Sagasta is throwing away for me) my best chance. The next election will be in a presidential year, and with your well known closeness to McKinley you will be hard to beat. I had been thinking that as this was naturally an off year we might make the landing. But there are no off years in war times.'"

"And you think a similar feeling is developing in Pennsylvania?"

"I know it," he replied, "and so they do up at the other end of the avenue," jerking his thumb in the direction of the White House.

"You know," he continued, "we took an unusual interest in your affairs this year, because two of the most distinguished Republicans in your delegation in the house were rival candidates for the nomination. Those of us who had served longest with them and knew their worth were in somewhat a quandary. We wanted both of them to get their desires, and yet we didn't want to lose either of them from the house. I am glad, by the way, that Charley Stone has been renominated for congress. His people have honored themselves in showing their appreciation of his distinguished party services. So far as the colonel is concerned, if he is as untiringly faithful to the interests of his state at Harrisburg as he has been in Washington, you will have a governor to be proud of. I have known him in congress ever since he came here, and so far as the party is concerned I feel confident that when he goes out of office he will leave the party more free from faction and stronger before the people than it has been for years.

"After the convention," he added, "I talked with all of the Republican members of the Pennsylvania delegation, and some Democrats. At the request of a friend who is deeply concerned to see a wholesale Republican victory I wrote to a number of business men in your state with whom I had become intimate in the course of tariff legislation. My information, coming from one and all, is the same, although many of them had been in favor of another candidate for governor, and some of them were rather limber heeled in their Republicanism, except in presidential years. Here, for instance, is a letter I got from one of them only a few days ago. After apologizing for delay in answering, owing to absence from home, he says:

"'I don't take back anything I have said, remember, but I am going to put a cross in the circle this year, and vote for the flag. I don't approve of some things that were done in our last legislature, but while a Republican administration is in the midst of the prosecution of a foreign war these things which in ordinary times would be fair occasions for vigorous rebuke, seem to me trivial beyond expression. When I was a younger man we used to have volunteer fire companies in our city. The rivalry was intense between them, and fights were frequent. Sometimes two of them happened to come together on their way to a fire and then there was a battle royal. All the old grievances were recalled, and the old grudges satisfied. They had an elegant and stirring time to themselves, but my recollection is that the house usually burned down while they were at it. Our house is afire this year, so to speak, and so among Pennsylvania Republicans when election day comes around you will hear of very few Quay or anti-Quay, Wanamaker or anti-Wanamaker, Martin or anti-Martin, Magee or anti-Magee Republicans. We will just be one kind of plain Republicans until this war is over and its issues are settled. You are at liberty to show this letter to the president if you think it necessary. As to Quay, he is getting pretty well up in years, and can't live forever. I have made up my mind to leave him to Providence until the war is over. Then, if he is still running the machine, I'll take another whack at him myself. Anyhow, I don't see anything to be gained, even if there was no war on hand, by colleaguing with the Democracy this year. Their state convention, in addition to kicking itself up and down stairs on the money question, defeated its most promising candidate, solely upon suspicion that he had not voted the straight Democratic ticket two years ago. And yet while they brandish his scalp before our eyes, in our ears they whisper that this would be a good year for Republicans to vote for Democrats. Nay, nay.'

"This," continued the congressman, "I find to be a fair sample of the feeling of Republicans all over the country. The unfaithfulness of Andy Johnson after our last war cost the country beyond expression. We have a man in the White House now who is as different from Johnson as day is from night, and the election returns next November will serve notice to the watching courts and crowns of all creation that the people of the United States are as loyal to their president as its soldiers are to their flag."

And then we drifted off politics and began to talk about the war, and the harvest thereof.

GEORGE H. WELSHONS.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

Festival.

The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church of Lemont have changed the date of their festival from the 29th and 30th to the 22nd and 23rd of July. All are cordially invited to be present.

—Rev. W. H. Blackburn, former pastor of the United Brethren church of this place, but now located at Braddock, Pa., is spending a few days in Bellefonte. On Sunday morning and evening he preached eloquent sermons to his old congregation which were highly enjoyed In the evening his sermon was a patriotic one and the church was crowded to the doors to listen to him.

—Messrs. Dukeman, Wm. Runkle, Sheriff Jackson and Arthur Kimport composed a fishing party that camped two miles up Spring creek form this city last week, and caught some 200 fish.

A Grave Situation Confronts Us.

(Continued from first page.)

of the intentions of the government of the United States regarding them and their interests. It marks the formal establishment of a new political power in the island of Cuba and insures the people of the territory over which the power extends absolute security in the exercise of their private rights and relations, as well as security to their persons and property.

MADRID, July 19.—The defense works are being actively pushed at all the Spanish ports.

The newspapers here assert that the United States intends to demand an enormous indemnity, "in order to have the pretext to seize the Philippine islands as a guarantee."

The supposed American peace terms are greatly exciting the public, and the opinion is expressed among the people that war to the death would be preferable to the ruin of Spain.

The increase in the octrol rates of duties on produce taken into the towns is causing turbulence in the rural districts of Spain.

The populace of the province of Huevela has rebelled against the imports of corn and flour and attacked and set fire to a number of public building. The troops had to be called on to repress the disorder.

The Paris, organ of the Republicans, advocates a military dictatorship and the Republicans are endeavoring to secure the support of the army and navy for this purpose.

Lieut-Gen. Correa, minister of war, has received a dispatch from Gen. Blanco, including Gen. Toral's report of the capitulation of Santiago de Cuba. Gen. Toral's report is dated Saturday evening, July 16, and its details accord with the reports already published.

ALGIERS, July 19.—The Spanish authorities in the Balearic islands have extinguished until further orders all the coast lights there.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19.—The plans for sending Commodore Watson's eastern squadron to Spain have reached a point where naval officials are considering the exact day of departure, and it is said that positive orders have been given that preparations must be brought to a close at once with a view to having everything in readiness by the end of this week. Two of the colliers which are to accompany the expedition are at Norfolk for the purpose of putting light batteries on them. The officers in charge of them estimated it would take two weeks or more to get these batteries together and have them ready. This meant delay, and an order has been given that the work be completed this week, or else the colliers go without their light batteries.

MADRID, July 18.—A member of the cabinet in an interview yesterday asserted that the government was seeking an honorable peace with the United States.

El Imparcial says that a member of the ministry declares that negotations for peace with the United States are only possible so far as the question of Cuba is concerned. To demand more would be to say that Spain must commit suicide.

The report that Senor Moret, minister of the colonies, in the last previous cabinet of Senor Sagasta, will be the representative of Spain in the negotations with the United States is with out foundation.

PARIS, July 18.—The correspondent of the Temps at Madrid says: "The British ambassador daily presses the government to accept the good offices of the English cabinet, representing that it alone can obtain honoroble conditions for Spain."

The correspondent sarcastically says: "The ambassador points out that England will only ask a slight extension of Gibraltar or the island of Tarifa as a fee."

LONDON, July 18.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says:

"Despite official denials and preparations for a continuance of fighting, I have the best authority for saying that peace is assured. It is beyond doubt that the main points have been agreed upon with the Washington authorities. It is understood that Spain will evacuate Cuba, the Americans undertaking to transport the troops to Spain.

Spain through the Mexican minister has represented to America that she is firmly decided on peace, at the same time explaining the difficulties arising from the opposition of the Cuban volunteers and total exhaustion through her enormous losses.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 18.—The contact mines in the harbor were removed the day Admiral Cervera left, but two chains of electric mines, one from Estrell Point and the other from Socapa, are still down.

The armament of the shore batteries of Santiago consists of five brass six-inch muzzle loaders in the Morro fortifications, two six-inch Hontorias from the cruiser Reina Mercedes and three 21-centimeter mortars, and 8-centimeter muzzle-loaders and four 8-centimeter field pieces, in the Estrella battery; one 57-milimeter and one 25-milimeter Nordefeldt and one 37-milimeter Hotchkiss in the Socapa lower battery and two 6-inch Hontorias, two 9-centimeter Krupps and two 15 centimeter mortars at Punta Gorda.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18—At 11:05 o'clock last night Adjt. Gen. Corbin made public the following dispatch from Gen. Shafter:

"My ordnance officers report about 7,000 rifles turned in today and 600,000 cartridges. At the mouth of the harbor there are quite a number of fine modern guns about six-inch; also two batteries of mountain guns, together with a saluting battery of 15 old bronze guns. Disarming and turning in will go on to-day. List of prisoners not yet taken.

SHAFTER, Major-General Commanding."

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CLEARING SALE.

AT

JOSEPH'S,

To Make Room For an Extensive Fall and Winter STOCK.

—The Pittsburg Times, in its Sunday letter from Chickamauga, says: The Fifth Pennsylvania regiment received an addition by the arrival yesterday of Co. K, of Wellsboro, consisting of 106 men and 2 officers. At evening parade an order was published detailing Lieutenant R. H. Wiggins, of Co. D, as battalion adjutant of the Third battalion. At the same time Lieutenant Colonel Elder was ordered in command of the First battalion, Major Kennedy of the Second and Major McNamara of the Third.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Hannah Watkins, late of Howard Twp, Centre county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to D. E. Holter of Howard Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

D. E. HOLTER,
CLEMENT DALE, Atty. Administrator.

Material for Barges.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The ocean tugs Gladisfen and Ivins, each towing three barges, left yesterday for Santiago. The barges were laden with structural iron and other material for the docks to be built by the government at Santiago.

Bellefonte Markets

Corrected weekly by Gerberich, Hale & Co. The following quotations are taken at noon on Wednesday of each week

PER BUSHEL		PER TON	
Wheat, new	70c	Ground Plaster	$8.00
Red Wheat	65c	PER BUSHEL	
Rye	45c	Buckwheat	30c
Corn, shelled	40c	Cloverseed	
Corn, ears	40c	Crimson Clover	
Oats, old	30c	Seed	$3.00
Oats, new	30		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Corrected weekly by Sechler & Co.

PER POUND		PER BUSHEL	
Lard	07c	Potatoes	.75
Country Shoulders	09c	Onions	
Country Sides	08c	PER DOZEN	
Country Hams	09	Eggs	12c
Tallow	03c		
Butter	12c		

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

What the Financial Experts Tell Us Concerning the Nation's Trade.

EVENTS HAVE INFLUENCED MARKETS

Our Exports Almost Double in Value the Year's Imports—Continued Activity of the Iron and Steel Trade.

FAILURES RECORDED LAST WEEK

NEW YORK, July 16.—R. *G.* Dun and Company's Weekly *Review* of Trade will say in todays issue:

The destruction of a Spanish fleet, Europe's quick appreciation of the feat, the waving flags of truce at Santiago, and at last the surrender have all influenced some markets day by day. But Americans have grown, and see that not many outside matters greatly influence the business which enables them to market $1,210,270,015 worth of domestic products abroad in a year, against $616,052,844 worth imported. The new loan has proved a stupendous success, over $1,300,000,000 having been subscribed, and it is now the question of chief interest whether any banks will get enough, after personal subscriptions have been accepted, to support further circulation. Industries and business are naturally at the lowest point for the year and, therefore, the records are the more impressive.

The decrease in output of pig iron from 225,378 tons weekly June 1, to 216,311 July 1, mostly due to usual stoppages for repairs a little before July 1, carries with it a decrease of 4,217 tons weekly in unsold stocks. Just when stagnation is customary, very many mills are crowded with orders for months ahead, the Illinois rail mills until December. or until later, with sales this week of 15,000 tons and structural works with a few contracts, for 10,000 tons or more, while larger demands appear for cars, plates and sheets and better demands for bars at the east. One heavy sale of billets from Pittsburg to Eastern Pennsylvania at a concession of fifty cents is the only real decline in quotations, though eastern steel bars are a shade lower.

It is still between seasons for wool but a few large purchases indicate some disposition for business and the demend for woolen goods is better, though prices for some have been reduced.

Wheat has been dropping in price under estimates of 680,000,000 to 700,000,000 bushels this year, which seem to be at least as well warranted as over conservative estimates by the same parties last year. Injury in crops is heralded; abundance in old regions gets no notice. Western receipts are moderate as yet, but the Atlantic exports for the week were 1,719,759 bushel, flour included, against 1,611,490 last year and Pacific coast exports 521,515, against 136,763 last year, and for two weeks the exports from the two coasts have been 4,884,412 bushels, against 3,587,909 last year. The foreign outlook has much improved and the decline in price during the week was about 5 cents for spot and 3½ cents for the nearest option. Corn exports are decreasing, as is natural, 2,557,098 bushels in two weeks of July, against 4,659,315 last year. The price is 1 cent stronger.

Failures for the week ending July 7 were 81,854,394 in amount, $946,611 manufacturing and $899,763 trading. Failures for the week have been 215 in the United States against 273 last year and in Canada 23 against 27 last year.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Bradstreet's today will say:

Pending the initiation of new fall business, preparations for which are actively under way in all markets, there exists a quiet midsummer condition, accompanied, however, in most cases by price steadiness and confidence in a promising outlook for fall trade. Retrospection and review continue to furnish many satisfactory illustrations of the favorable conditions experienced during the first half of the present year some of which seem bound to be puplicated during the second half.

FROM CHICKAMAUGA.

Fewer Men to be Given Permits to Go Outside of Camp.

CHICKAMAUGA, CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK, Ga., July 11.—The beneficial effect of General Brook's recent order limiting the number of men to be allowed permits to leave camp at one time to two men from each company was noticeable Sunday in the orderly quiet of the day both at the camp and in the city of Chattanooga. A provost guard did duty at Lytle and saloons and disorderly places were kept closed. All saloons in Chattanooga, which for the past two Sundays have been wide open, were closed by order of the city authorities.

Services were held in the twenty two Christian commission tents now in operation in the camp, and the proclamation of President McKinley, suggesting that prayers for peace be offered by all ministers, was carried out. From every pulpit in Chattanooga Sunday prayers for peace and triumph of the American army were offered by the pastors.

The First Ohio cavalry has received the last of its needed equipments and it will move for Tampa Tuesday.

Adjutant General Sheridan stated that only about 1,500 recruits were now needed to bring every regiment in Gen. Brooke's army to its full strength of 1,132 men and officers.

Making Excuses.

BERLIN, July 15.—The Cologne Zeitung denounces the story of the German warship Irene interference at Lubic Bay, Island of Luzon, Philippines, as a fabrication. The Lokal Anzeiger says: "The Americans are unreasonably excited about the Irene accident. Even if it occurred as Admiral Dewey reports, the Irene did not interfere but retired immediately upon the arrival of the Americans. Therefore every courtesy was shown that the American demands of a neutral country. But, if the Irene did hinder Aguinaldo's landing, it is no business of Dewey's. If the American admiral sees fit to make common cause with the insurgent chiefs it is none of our affair. Germany still preserves her neutrality towards Spain and does not intend to recognize Aguinaldo and his horde of belligerents. The matter is so plain that we do not believe any diplomatic step will be taken and do not doubt for a moment that the American officials will admit the correctness of the German proceedings."

The foregoing is believed to be inspired.

The Tageblatt's Madrid correspondent says Sagasta has declared that he is now convinced that the Americans would be defeated by the land forces in Cuba and that the Americans know this themselves, but since Spain no longer has a fleet the Americans could starve the island without subjecting themselves to exposure of the Spanish bullets. Hence he has resolved to bring about peace as soon as possible.

The German emperor has contributed 1,000 marks to the Red Cross fund.

A Wild Run.

The following is from Saturday's Lock Haven Democrat:

Mrs. George B. Brungard and son, who reside at the foot of the mountain in the east end of Nittany valley, are suffering from severe bruises which they sustained in a runaway a few days ago. The mother and son had left the house in a wagon loaded with produce, with the intention of coming to this city. The wagon had recently been repaired and repainted and the harness was new. While coming down the lane leading from the house to the public road, the cross bars of the shafts struck the mare on the legs, which frightened her. The animal, which has always been very quiet and doctile, much to the surprise of the occupants, started down the lane at the top of its speed. *Mrs.* Brumgard, in her endeavors to check the mare, was pitched head foremost over the dashboard. She fell behind the animal's feet to the ground and the wheels of the wagon ran over the woman. *Her* dress in some manner was caught by the rapidly moving vehicle and she was dragged a considerable distance. Strangely as it may appear, no bones were broken, but she sustained severe bruises all over the body. Her son was also thrown out and received such bruises that his head is very much swollen. The animal with the wagon continued down the lane until the lines caught on the revolving wheels and it was jerked to the side of a bridge that spans a run at that point. The mare and the wagon tumbled into the run, where they were found shortly after. Mrs. Brumgord and her son were assisted to the house, where their injuries were dressed. Afterwards the mare was extricated from her uncomfortable position. She was not badly injured, but the wagon was nearly demolished.

—Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN and get all the war news.

FROM CHICKAMAUGA.

Here Is the News from Our Big Camp of Volunteers.

CHICKAMAUGA, Ga., July 17.—The continuous rain of last night and today at Camp Thomas resulted in the suspension of drill work and the day was necessarily a quiet one. The event of the day was the departure of the First Ohio cavalry regiment to Port Tampa.

Dr. T. C. McCleave has been placed in charge of the hospital headquarters, relieving Major T. D. Kimball, who is assigned to duty with the Third corps.

Captain John W. Guttman, company M, Thirty-first Michigan volunteer infantry, died at the Read house in Chattanooga yesterday of typhoid malaria, after an illness of some weeks.

Governor John R. Tanner, of Illinois, and a party of state officers, arrived yesterday and reported at the headquarters of Gen. Brooke.

Nearly every regiment in the big camp has now a rifle range where practice is held daily in battalions. The reports of the inspectors to the commanding officers show that the result of this practice so far, is rather phenomenal in nearly every regiment, the average being 75 out of a possible 100.

Commanding officers are beginning to enforce discipline more rigidly, the main offenses being absent without leave and sleeping while on duty, the latter of which is to be punished most severely. Private Waterhouse, company E, Fourteenth Minnesota, was convicted yesterday of having been asleep on duty, and was sentenced to three months' hard labor, and to pay a fine of $20; W. B. Whitehorn, company *G*, Sixth Ohio, was sentenced for the same offense to pay a fine of $60 and be deprived of all privileges for six months. These exemplary sentences are having a decidedly beneficial effect on the volunteers, who are beginning to realize what war means. Absence without leave is punished with a fine of from $2 to $10 and from one to three weeks in the guard house.

Cattle Inspected.

Dr. L. Pearson, state veterinarian states that the agents of the live stock sanitary board have pushed the work of inspection with the greatest vigor. Between June 1, last year, and June 1, 1898, the agents of the board inspected over 19,000 cattle for tuberculosis and the number found to be infected was about twelve per cent Most of the inspections took place in the eastern part of the state and were of herds. Many herds which had been previously inspected by state boards were inspected and the disease almost eradicated. This is particularly true of Bradford and Susquehanna counties, where there is hardly any tuberculosis now, while infected cows, which were not uncommon in Philadelphia slaughter houses, are now exceedingly rare in the Quaker city.

Dr. Pearson said that the inspections on entrance to the state were prolific of good result, but it was a remarkable fact that cattle from New York, New Jersey and *Maryland* were found to have been more infected than those from western states, as of 1,000 cows from Ohio inspected at Pittsburg only six were found to be infected. This will go on during the year with great vigilance, it being a highly important branch.

Ideas of Others.

Some one has said "give a farmer a bigger bull than his neighbor's, a cheaper religion than he has been paying for and asked by the president judge of his district to run for the legislature, he is just the happiest man out of Hades without costing him a penny."

Some one has said "that no person could become a great general without having a few privates to boss around; as even the proacher must "have a personal devil as a backstop to catch his wild baws and run after fowls."

Some one has said as long as accummulating wealth by any means is a virtue and skinning laboring people is a business and thanking *God* for the privileges the masses will believe in a litteral hell and a personal devil and that they are close at hand at that.

Hawaiians Enlist in Our Service.

It is a great many years since Hawaiians have gone to war in any numbers. Now they are going to enter military service to some extent, under the flag of the United States.

There has been purchased here for the American government two of the surf boats used in handling sugar from shore to island steamers. These will be taken with the collier Brutus now in port. They will be used in carrying sacked fuel at sea from the collier to the monitor Monterey.

To man these surf boats two crews of native Hawaiians have been signed it was concluded, after a careful survey of the case, that it would be almost impossible to secure other men who could do the work. Hawaiians who have been in the service of inter-island navigation companies are already fully trained for just such a task as is presented, and the natives of the group are known all over the world as the ablest sort of able seamen. Their skill has commanded a premium ever since the earliest whaling times.

Any number of Hawaiians are ready to enlist under the Stars and Stripes for any service.

Postal Development.

The following statement by an official shows how the Postoffice department is keeping up with the war procession:

"The postal service is breaking all records during the present war. Two months ago, who in the land, or world for that matter, would have thought it possible for us to have a postoffice in fine working order at Manila, thousands of miles away, by this time, or at Camp McCalla, on the southern coast of Cuba?

Before three more weeks are gone it is almost safe to say that the soldiers and private citizens may be calling for their regular mail at San Juan, U. S. A. (San Juan is the principal city in Porto Rico). The way the postal department is expanding these days would make Ben Franklin, our first postmaster general, fall dead with amazement."

Prof. Coles for July.

Rejoice and be glad, for Earth is in the "House of Life," in a good and fruitful "sign" and swiftly moving onward toward the "House of Fortune," way from the evil influence of the great planets Saturn and Uranus, and safe in the arms of prosperity. The coal trade and manufacturing industries will take on new life The United States will spend one million dollars a day in return. The evil influence of the great planets will be centered upon Europe and Asia this month, and new complications in the war situation will arise and give us much alarm for a time. Either Germany or England will receive sore affliction, and the state of affairs at the Philippine Islands will take a sudden turn.

Watch out for an epidemic of evil doings that will run riot throughout America and the old country.

Agricultural Report.

The Agricultural Department's crop reports show a deduction of 3 per cent. in corn acreage from last year, with average condition 90.5. Winter wheat condition, 83.7, a loss of 5.1 for the month, but 4.5 higher than last year; spring wheat, 95, 3.8 higher than last year; combined condition spring and winter, 89.4; oats, 92.8; barley, 85.7; rye, 93.8.

The condition of winter wheat, 83.7, is 4.3 per cent. higher than the average for the past ten years. The principal state averages are as follows:

Pennsylvania, 87; Maryland, 86; Tennessee, 90; Missouri, 68; Kentucky, 93; Ohio, 89; *Michigan*, 98; Indiana, 94; Illinois, 66; Kansas, 89, and California, 40.

Bicycles Exempt From Tolls.

The supreme court of New Jersey has decided that turnpikes cannot collect toll on bicycles. The turnpike company claimed that the law declared the bicycle to be a carriage, and its charter gave it the right to stop persons drawing carriages of burden and pleasure untill they have paid the tolls. Justice Gummere decided that bicycles are carriages to the extent that they must observe the law of the road, but does not necessarily make them tollable. Carriages are tollable only when drawn by beasts.

The decision says that a bicycle ridden by a person is no more a carriage than a wheelbarrow pushed by a man or a perambulator trundled by a woman.

Advice to Consumptives

There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand.

These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.

What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and

Scott's Emulsion

of *Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites.* Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

A Singular Meeting.

There was a singular meeting in the Chambersburg Court House recently of three men who nearly a quarter of a century ago were associated in sport. These were Judge Harold M. McClure, of Lewisburg, of the Union Snyder District, who presided on the Franklin County Bench over the trial of the Quackenbush insurance case; John Montgomery Ward, of New York city, counsel for one of the contestants and John Flack, of Chambersburg. Twenty two years ago when Ward's home was in Bellefonte, he visited Lock Haven, where then resided John Flack, who taught Ward how to pitch the curved ball. One day Ward played at Sunbury where he first met Harold McClure and who proved a suitable catcher for Ward. The two were engaged by the Providence League team and played together for two years, when McClure's arm was hurt and he quit ball playing to take up the study of law in the office of Congressman S. P. Wolverton, of Sunbury. McClure was elected to wear the ermine by defending Judge *Bucher*, of Lewisburg, and became one of the youngest President Judges in Pennsylvania.—Philadelphia Press.

Modern Science Makes Cheese by Means of Microbes.

Dr. Olsen, of Norway has investigated various cheeses, and has caught and cultivated their microbes then he has reversed the process, and used his cultures to produce the various cheeses from which he started. The kinds of microbes are not many, but by their combinations in different proportions different results are obtained. The milk is sterilized and heated to 70° to 75° C., and the store room is kept guarded against foreign microbes. Those that are desired are added in the requisite proportions, and their vigorous growth is of itself enough to overcome the influence of accidental strays. The production of the kinds of cheese is no longer an affair of the laboratory; but Dr. Olsen will take your order for Gorgonzola, Stilton or Camembert, and will furnish the precise description required at a cost satisfactory to your pocket and to his own.

Insects in Crops.

A circular received from H. T. Fernald, state economic zoologist, will be read with great interest by farmers. It gives the description of insects which feed upon crops and the mixtures for their exter mination.

Then the circular states: "The time has come when everyone who raises crops of any kind, must be prepared to fight these insects and protect himself from loss as far as possible. Some feed by eating the leaves, others bore into the wood, and others suck the juices of plants. For those that eat the leaves, Paris green or London purple, either dry or mixed with water, is best. Borers usually only lay their eggs on the bark of the tree and the young borer eats into the wood. Here no poison can reach it and the only thing to do is to cover the bark with some substance, so that the insect will not lay its eggs there. For sucking insects no poison to be eaten will do any good as they only suck the juices, and the use of something, which can be sprayed over the tree, which is strong enough to kill every insect it touches, is the only treatment left."

The circular invites persons in doubt about insect pests to communicate at once with the department.

Our Institutions of Learning.

In view of the assertion recently made by the Spanish newspapers to the effect that "there are no colleges in America" it is interesting to know that we have 430 universities and colleges, 8,472 professors and teachers therein, and 124,684 students.

A Fight With A Bear.

Prof. D. O. Etters went to the Spruce Run game preserve to spend his vacation with his brother, Reuben, who is one of wardens of the association. While there, he, with his brother, went to the plateau of the Allegheny mountains at the head waters of the Panther run in search of wild bees. This plateau has been pretty well denuded of timber by woodsman's ax. While hunting for bees the brothers became separated. Mr. Etters heard a noise among the bracken, and his small dog came rushing towards him followed by an enraged she bear. There was no tree near but a large dry stump broken off some 20 feet above the ground. To save himself *Mr.* Etters undertook to climb it, but had only succeeded in getting up a few feet from the ground when the bear stopped at the foot of the stub and commenced to snap her jaws at him. Having nothing with him but his hatchet, holding on with one hand he commenced to strike at her snout. This contest lasted for some time, when the hatchet slipped from his hand and struck the bear in her mouth, which caused bruin to stop and consider, and after a few moments took to the bracken to hunt her cubs. After the bear had disappeared Mr. Etter slid down from his perch nearly exhausted and took a beeline for home. He now says he will not again attempt to hunt bees on that plateau, and is thankful for the preservation of his life.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy
CURES ALL KIDNEY, STOMACH AND LIVER TROUBLES.

A Neat Souvenir.

We are indebted to the Veraphoto company, of Bellefonte, for a neat souvenir of the State Teachers' convention, which met in the Court House in this place recently. It is in the shape of a neat paper weight with the pictures on it of the three governors of Pennsylvania chosen from Bellefonte, Messrs. Curtin, Beaver and Hastings.

The pictures are perfect likenesses of the gentlemen named and the souvenir is a valuable one. The young men composing the company, Samuel Taylor and Ralph Mallory, deserve a great deal of credit for the enterprise they show and we hope may succeed in building up a big business.

A Pacific Power.

It is worth while to note that the United States by the annexation of *Hawaii* and the seizure of the Ladrones has become a Pacific power, in a different sense from that implied by the possession of territory bordering on the Pacific. We never really needed Hawaii until we seized the Philippines. This result of the war changed the situation essentially. Being obliged to operate in the western Pacific, the need of intermediate points became great, though not imperative. It appears that we treated Hawaii as our own before it was annexed, or at least, the government of the islands refused to assume a neutral attitude.

Beside having Hawaii and the Ladrones we have also a foothold on the Philippines, with a good prospect of soon being in complete control. When we shall have made our possession of this archipelago complete, we shall have become one of the important powers in both the western and eastern half of the Pacific. We shall take the position by the right of conquest, free from any conditions that European countries wish to impose upon one another.

As to Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Telegrams which have passed between the military authorities here and those in Cuba and the agents of the war department at other places indicate that preperations for the Porto Rico expedition are being given earnest attention. The officials, however, decline to discuss the arrangements in progress or say from what port or ports the troops are to embark. The transports available for carrying the men are scattered in a half dozen places and no order has yet been given to concentrate them at any one post.

Captain Harder's Company.

The company of 106 soldiers, who volunteered at Clearfield, have been accepted by Governor Hastings, and Thursday evening the company left for Chickamauga. The captain of the company is John E. Harder, who formerly resided in Lock Haven He was the son of the late Jacob Harder, and a brother of Frank.

The Fourth in Canada and England.

A great many Canadians celebrated the Fourth this year, and the American dinner in London brought together many prominent Britons to toast the United States. Expressions of good will can do the nation no harm, and the success of our armies and navy naturally gains us many friends just now.—Boston Journal.

SPAIN'S REVERSE.

Some News From the Front Which Will Interest All.

THE MEETING ON THURSDAY

Considered Toral to be a Brave Foe—The Question of Commissioners—How They Were Selected and By Whom.

GEN. MILES ON THE SITUATION

WITH THE UNITED STATES TROOPS BEFORE SANTIAGO DE CUBA, via Kingston, Jamaica, July 16.—The reverse to the Spanish arms in Eastern Cuba is complete. Santiago has fallen and with it all the eastern end of the island. General Toral, the Spanish commander, agreed to the general terms of the surrender at a personal interview with General Shafter yesterday afternoon, at which General Miles was present. The victorious American army, after a campaign of three weeks of almost unprecedented hardships for both officers and men, accept the news with heartfelt relief.

The victory is greater than appeared at first. All the Spanish troops in the Fourth corps, the military division of Santiago province, from a line drawn north from Asserrado, eighteen miles west of Santiago, through Dos Palmas, Palmas Soriano, Soriano, Alcantaza, to Sagua de Tanamo, on the north coast, and eastward to Cape Maysi, are surrendered and the territory is abandoned. Between 18,000 and 20,000 Spanish prisoners are taken, about 10,000 of whom are at Santiago. The remainder are at Guantanamo and others are garrisoned in the towns of Eastern Cuba. All these troops are to be embarked and sent back to Spain under parole.

General Shafter bears his honors modestly. To a correspondent of the Associated Press, he said: "The enemy has surrendered all the territory and troops east of Santiago, The terms were dictated from Washington. It has been a hard campaign, one of the hardest I ever saw. The difficulties to contend with were very great. Never during our civil war were more difficult problems solved. The character of the country and the roads made it seem almost impossible to advance in the face of the enemy. The transportation problem was hard but all the difficulties have been successfully surmounted. Our troops have behaved gallantly. They fought like heroes and I am proud to have commanded them. During all the hardships they have suffered they have shown resolution and spirit. They deserve to conquer.

"The resistance of the enemy has been exceedingly strong. General Toral has proved himself a foeman worthy of any man's steel. The negotiations which culminated in the surrender of General Toral have been dragging on for ten days, with the intermission of Sunday and Monday, when our batteries and fleet bombarded the enemy's position. Throughout these periods of truce, General Toral shrewdly played for time, always declining to surrender unconditionally and falling back when hard pressed upon the statement that he was simply a subordinate and powerless to agree to the proposal without the sanction of his superiors, except under penalty of being court-martialed. At the same time he seemed to intimate, that, personally, he thought it useless to hold out any longer. But he and his garrison are soldiers, he said, and could die, if necessary, obeying orders."

It was at the personal interview held by General Shafter with General Toral Thursday that the American general made the Spanish commander understand that temporizing must cease and that before noon Friday a categorical affirmation to his offer must be received or the bombardment of the city would begin in earnest.

In the meantime, all our plans had been perfected. The delay had been utilized to good advantage. Our lines had been extended until Santiago was nobly surrounded and our light batteries had been so posted as to be able to do more effective work.

Communicated]

INTEREST INCREASES.

Our People Becoming Aroused—Prominent Men Take Hold.

It is beginning to dawn upon our people that something is in the air which is of more than ordinary interest and the action of several of our most influential citizens in signing a call for a public meeting, is significant. It means that there is something to be offered for public consideration that should bring out every business man in the town. The call is intended for all and no man should stay away because he thinks he is not included. A proposition will be offered to our people for the location of a fine big steel rolling mill at this place and such a plan will be presented that will enable us to take immediate hold, in fact, it is the only plan which in the estimation of its projectors, will be accepted by our people generally. It involves no stock subscriptions and no cash bonuses, but is a straightforward business proposition that involves no risk on the part of the people. Do not fail to come to this meeting for you may miss a fine opportunity for making your business 100 per cent better and increasing all your realty holdings.

The call for the meeting is as follows:

"Believing that a matter of great importance to the business interests of our community has been presented to us, we desire the presence of every business man and woman in Tyrone at the rooms of the Tyrone club on Tuesday evening, July 12, at 8 o'clock, to listen to a proposition that will be made to us by the Tyrone Land company for our consideration and action. Signed: A. G. Morris, D. S. Kloss, T. J. Gates, C. O. Templeton, G. L. Owens, W. F. Hiller."

We clip the above from the Tyrone Daily Herald of July 9th, 1898. It seems very strange that the business men of our town make no effort to secure the location of industries at this place.

A few years ago with great flourish we organized a board of trade which promised to do big things. About all it has done is to let desirable industries go to other places without even calling the attention of those interested to the advantages afforded Bellefonte.

It is true when the board of trade was organized we were in the throes of a distressing panic. But this and its effects are passing away and the board of trade should be up and doing and carrying out the purposes of its organization.

Great things were to come to Bellefonte when the Central R. R. of Pa. was completed. but they are not here yet, and, except for the picnics at Hecla, the road would have but little to do.

Men who wish to establish great steel works would just as soon locate in Bellefonte as Tyrone if their attention was called to the many advantages we possess. We can not sit down and wait for such industries to come. They must be hunted up and invited to locate here.

No finer plate in the world for the location of such works could be found than the old nail works and the adjoining meadow. Will some of the men who own property move in this matter? Something should be done or else fence this town in and turn it over to the tender mercies of the numerous postoffice candidates.

—See the girls in another column carrying large baskets of grapes to a winery in Portugal for making wine. It is worth reading about. Speer of New Jersey makes wine from the same grape. His wines are unsurpassed by any in the world.

Repairs to Hastings' Mansion.

Truman R. Reitmyer, of Williamsport, has been engaged by Gov. D. H. Hastings to supervise the details for rebuilding his private residence at this place. The plans for the new building are now being prepared. The style of architecture is the severe colonial. Brick with white stone trimmings are the materials for the exterior walls. The roof will be of green tile. The front porch will be two stories in heigth, extending nearly the full width of the mansion, and supported by immense Doric pillars, while the floor of the porch will be of Mosaic tiles.

The interior of the building will be elaborately finished, polished quartered oak predominating. Other decorations are to be carried out on the same scale of grandeur. A large stable in the rear of the dwelling will be built on the same style architecture, of brick and white trimmings.

The hair

is like a plant. What makes the plant fade and wither? Usually lack of necessary nourishment. The reason why Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its normal color, stops hair from falling, and makes it grow, is because it supplies the nourishment the hair needs.

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair immediately began to grow, and I now have as heavy and fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown." — Mrs. J. H. HORSNYDER, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal.

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

SOME NEW QUESTIONS TO BE SETTLED!

They Were Raised by Spaniards in Negotiations of Surrender.

TORAL'S MEN WANT GUNS,

It Will Take Some Weeks to Remove the Spanish From Santiago —Cash Will Close Eyes of Steamship Companies to Yellow Fever.

RATIFIED AT HAVANA AND MADRID.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The navy department has received from Admiral Dewey the following dispatch:

Aguinaldo informs me his troops have taken all of Subic bay except Isla Grand, which he was prevented from taking by the German man-of-war Irene. On July 7 the Raleigh and Concord went there, they took the island and about 1,300 men, with arms and ammunition. No resistance. The Irene retired from the bay on their arrival.

I shall send the Boston to Cape Engano about July 16 to second army detachment. It is not practicable to send to Guam. No transport vessels available. DEWEY.

MANILA, July 9, via Hong Kong, July 13.—The insurgents on Wednesday, July 6, reported that the German gunboat Irene in Subic bay refused to permit them to attack the Spaniards on Grande island. Rear Admiral Dewey promptly dispatched the United States cruisers Raleigh and Concord to investigate the matter. On entering Subic bay the Raleigh opened fire on the forts, whereupon the Irene slipped her cable and steamed out by the other channel.

The result of the fire of the American warships was that the Spaniards, numbering over 500 men, surrendered everything.

on returning to Manila the Irene explained that she interfered "in the cause of humanity," and offered to hand over to the Americans the refugees she had on board. Admiral Dewey, however, declined to accept them.

Gov.-Gen. Augusti has issued a proclamation promising to grant autonomy to the islands and offering the insurgents inducements to join Spanish forces. Gen. Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, in reply, said the overtures of the Spanish commander came to late.

MANILA, July 7, via Hong Kong, July 13.—The insurgents yesterday made vigorous attacks on the Spaniards from all sides, with little result. They shelled the Spanish block houses and trenches north of Manila and captured the Spanish guns at Santa Mesa.

There was a furious musketry fire all night long at San Juan, Santa Ana, Paso and Pasayi, the Spaniards replying with artillery and musketry.

The insurgent artillery is not yet operating.

About 400 native militia at Santa Ana have joined the insurgents.

The insurgents have rushed the Malate entrenchments, pushing forward to the walls of the fort, but they had to retire at daylight. It is probable the loss was 100 men each.

The Americans and the insurgents are acting independently, both conducting their own operations and hoping to evolve an agreement afterwards.

The secret Katipunan society, which was chiefly instrumental in organizing the campaign is not fitted, it is said, to assist in administering the government of the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The first chapter in the land campaign of the United States against Spain closed yesterday when the Spanish colors gave place over Santiago to the American flag. Next will follow the transportation of the Spanish troops back to their native lands and the capture of the island of Porto Rico unless peace soon intervenes.

The siege of Santiago had lasted two weeks and was remarkable in many respects, and in none more than the heavy percentage of loss through death, wounds or sickness of the soldiers and sailors engaged on both sides. Looking back over the record of these two weeks, it is seen that a great iron-clad squadron has been destroyed, that nearly a thousand Spanish sailors have been drowned or killed by shell and flame, and, that an untold number of Spanish soldiers have died in the trenches of Santiago. On the other hand, about 250 American soldiers have been killed, and in round numbers 2,000 more have been sent to the hospitals from wounds, fever and other ailments. Our fleet had a remarkable exemption from disaster in the many engagements it has had with the forts at the entrance of the harbor and with the Spanish squadron.

"Next is Porto Rico," said Secretary Alger, after receiving news of Santiago's formal surrender. "And then if need be, Havana."

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The plan of the war department for returning the surrendered army of Gen. Toral to Spain will not necessitate the use of American vessels. It is the purpose of the department to ask for proposals from all steamship companies which desire to compete for transporting the Spanish troops to Spain and the most advantageous bid will be accepted. The advices of Gen. Shafter state that the number of Spanish prisoners will be between 12,000 and 15,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—Having taken Santiago, American effort on this side of the Atlantic will now be directed to the taking of the Island of Porto Rico, the first move being made against San Juan,

At the same time the program mapped out for Commodore Watson to cross the ocean and attack Spain's home coasts will be carried out.

BERLIN, July 15.—The Tageblatt's Madrid correspondent says Sagasta has declared that he is now convinced that the Americans would be defeated by the land forces in Cuba and that the Americans know this themselves, but since Spain no longer has a fleet the Americans could starve the island without subjecting themselves to exposure of the Spanish bullets. Hence he has resolved to bring about peace as soon as possible.

TAMPA, FLA., July 15.—Orders have been received here to stop loading of all transports. Two batteries of heavy artillery Company K of the Seventh, and Company K of the Second, have joined Gen. Rogers, command to replace the First battalion First Florida regiment, which has been attached to that camp. The Florida men will rejoin their regiment.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 15—Gen. Wilson to-day received orders not to embark. All men are to be held for further orders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16.—There was a long and anxious wait on Friday to hear further news from the commisioners who had been charged to make arrangements for the surrender of the Spanish army at Santiago. For eighteen hours no word came from either Gen. Shafter or Gen. Miles, although there was the keenest desire on the part of the president and cabinet advisers to learn what had been done, and particularly to know whether the actual surrender of Santiago and the Spanish troops had been carried out. When the cabinet met at 11 o'clock there was positively nothing from the front which would serve as a guide for the deliberations.

It was thought the cable had been interrupted, but on inquiry of Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, he gave assurance that the cable was intact. Thereupon Secretary Alger sent a dispatch asking for the situation up to the latest moment, and particularly inquiring as to how far the surrender had proceeded. No answer came while the cabinet was in session. In the meantime Gen. Greely had cabled and he was the first official to hear from the front. A dispatch from Lieut. Jones, military censor at Playa del Este, reported that the message from the secretary of war to Gen. Shafter was only six minutes in passage from Washington to Playa. The message received by Gen. Greely came at 2:23 p. m., and indicated that negotations were yet in progress, but as the dispatch was submitted to the president no details were given out. Toward the middle of the afternoon dispatches from Gen. Miles and Gen. Shafter began to arrive in response to Secretary Alger's rather imperative request.

They were not given out in full, but such portions as was made public showed that the negotations were still in progress, and that the Spaniards had raised some rather unexpected questions. Most important of these was an insistance that the Spanish troops should retain their arms when they returned to Spain. There was entire willingness on the part of Gen. Toral to turn over the arms to Gen. Shafter at the time of the surrender, but with this was to be the understanding that the arms were to be returned to the Spanish troops when Spanish soil was reached. This was a condition which had not been anticipated. The authorities here did not regard it as serious, or as likely to overcome a final settlement, as it was attributed to the Spanish sensitiveness against the humiliation involved in the laying down of their arms. At the same time it was a point on which neither side appeared to be ready to yield. One of the dispatches from the front, after specifying that this difference had arisen, added that it was believed a settlement would be reached before Friday closed. Gen. Shafter himself summed up the situation by saying:

"It can not be possible that there be failure in completing arrangements." No question whatever has been raised as to the surrender itself. Not only has Gen. Toral agreed to it, but this agreement has been ratified by Gen. Blanco at Havana and by the Spanish authorities at Madrid.

Gen. Greely received another dispatch at 5 p. m. containing the information that Col. Allen had landed the shore end of the signal corps cable at Playa del Este from the cable steamer Adria.

The Sultan and Our Missionaries.

The Porte has demanded the recall of two American missionaries from the province of Aleppo, on the pretext that their mission for distribution of relief is likely to cause disturbances. "The sick man of Europe," as he is derisively termed, is as unreasonable as his political health is feeble. As a bright contrast to his obstinacy and stupidity, the people of America are acknowledging far and wide the beneficence of the mission of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, namely, to relieve and prevent malaria, rheumatism and kidney complaint, chronic dyspepsia, constipation and liver trouble. The nervous, the weak and the infirm derive unspeakable benefit from its use, and it greatly mitigates those infirmities specially incident to advancing years. Sleep, appetite, and a sensation of comfort throughout the system, ensue upon its use, which should be regular and persistent. An early resort to this fine preventive is aigically suggested to those who seek its aid.

Record Breaking Trip.

On Friday the Reading's 60 minute train celebrated its initial run of the season by establishing a record, making the run of 55½ miles from Camden to Atlantic City in 45½ minutes.

This record clips a minute and a quarter from the best time made by last season's flyer. The train was drawn by engine No. 1028, built by the Baldwins in May of last year, and is a duplicate of No. 1027, which was the flyer last year.

The train was made up of a combination car, three coaches and a Pullman, and on board were several officials of the road, in addition to Superintendent Vauclain, of the Baldwin locomotive works, and the Inspector of the Chinese Eastern railway, who is in this country inspecting railroads. The train made an average speed of 72.9 miles an hour. —Phila. Record, July 3.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—You bet it still waves.

—Santiago can catch up on her washing today.

—Sampson will now hunt some other Morro.

—Where is John L., that he don't challenge the winner.

—Dr. Thomas Van Tries and family are moving into part of the Curtin house, corner of *H*oward and Allegheny street.

—Of course there are "well defined rumors" that every Pennsylvania regiment is going to Porto Rico "immediately."

—The A. M. E. Sunday School convention is now in session at this place. All are cordially invited to attend.

—The society people of our town held a dance at Hecla Park Wednesday evening. The music was furnished by a hurdy gurdy The affair proved very enjoyable.

—"I suffered for months from sore throat. *E*clectric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

—Joseph Brother's & Co., have torn out their store front and will put in new and larger store windows.

—The new Phoenix mill is building up rapidly. The brick work on the second story is about completed.

Men women and children who are troubled with sores, humors, pimples etc., may find permanent relief in Hood'sSarsaparilla.

—Thomas A. Shoemaker has sold his interest in the Bellefonte Fuel and Supply company to Colonel W. Fred Reynolds.

—A movement is on foot to arrange a Swallow day at *H*ecla Park, when Rev. Swallow, the Prohibition candidate for governor, will be there and take part in the exercises.

—Supt. Samuel Rine had the big spring at the water works cleaned last week of all moss, weeds and vegetable growth.

—We are indebted to Mr. H. L. Smith for the very excellent report in this issue of the A. M. E. Sunday school convention.

—Mr. Harvey Stine, of this place, lost a valuable horse by death last week. Mr. Stine is a poor man and will feel the loss very much.

—Mr. Rush Larimer has sold his grocery on Allegheny street to Edward J Gillen, the green grocer, who will continue the business, closing out his present green grocery next door.

—The Great Island Presbyterian Sunday School, of Lock Haven held a picnic at Hecla Park Wednesday, of last week. About 200 people were present.

—Among the Clinton county marriage licenses issued during the past week we notice Charles M. Eddy, of Salona, and Esther B. Harry, of Rebersburg.

—A new industry has sprung up at Crider's planing mill. Sticks for small flags are being made by the thousands and shipped away to factories making flags. An enormous quantity are used and it takes complicated machinery to make them.

—About thirty young ladies and gentlemen from this place enjoyed a picnic and a dance at Hecla Park Thursday afternoon and evening. The music was furnished by the Undine orchestra. The event was arranged by the Misses Mary Lambert and Grace Vallamont.

—In the yard of W. A. Tobias, at Millheim, is a Yucca plant upon which is 101 separate and distinct large white flowers. In the centre of the plant a spike grows up to the height of six or seven feet without a leaf, and about two feet from the top the flowers grow.

—Quite a number of people took advantage of the excursion Thursday afternoon on the Central Railroad of Pennsylvania to attend the "river carnival"at Lock Haven that evening. The round trip fare from Bellefonte was only 60 cents. The celebration was in honor of our recent naval victories.

—Thursday afternoon about 2 o'clock John Kane, aged about 15 years, sont of James Kane, met with an accident which almost cost him the loss of his right eye. He was fooling with the hose, used by Mr. Gross to sprinkle High street, when some one thoughtlessly turned it on and the stream struck him in the right eye, knocking it clear out of its socket. *He* was taken to *Dr.* Dobbins' office where it was replaced by Doctors Dobbins and Dorworth and the young man was sent home. The doctors say he will not lose the sight of the eye.

A BATTLE WITH A BURGLAR.

Tom Greninger's Thrilling Experience With a Midnight Intruder.

Burglars are again at their nefarious work in Bellefonte. Friday night Thomas Greninger, son of A. M. Greninger, of East Howard street, had a most thrilling experience with one of these midnight intruders. Tom sleeps in the front room and the rest of the family sleep in the rear part of the house. About a quarter past twelve he was awakened by hearing his watch-chain rattle. He jumped out of bed, almost landing on top of a man who was going through his clothes in the search of valuables. Owing to the fact that the house is surrounded by trees the room was very dark and Tom could not discern objects very clearly. He at once grabbed a window stick and with the bravery of a Hobson he went at Mr. Burglar hammer and tongs. It was give and take for a while, the combatants struggling out into the hall, where the thief made a desperate attempt to throw Tom over the banisters. Failing in this the thief landed a solar plexus blow and Tom gradually sank to sleep. The burglar ran down the stairs and Tom still retained consciousness enough to throw his stick and shoe with good effect after the retreating robber.

When Tom recovered consciousness the burglar was gone. He gave the alarm and the rest of the family, who had not been awakened by the scuffle, hastened to the scene. A light was at once brought that the extent of the damage might be learned.

Tom had evidently awakened just in time to save his watch and other valuables, but his pocketbook, containing $7.00, was gone. Saturday morning the empty pocketbook was found in the yard by Mr. Greninger senior. Tom was badly bruised in the fight, and in fact can be thankful that he escaped with his life. He has an ugly bruise on the right temple and one over the left eye, besides other scratches.

The burglar was evidently big and strong, but it was so dark in the house that Tom can give no description of him. It is believed that in the scuffle the burglar used a sandbag or a black-jack.

How he gained an entrance to the house seems to be a mystery. After the burglar had gone they found the rear hall door open, but Mrs. Greninger distinctly remembers locking it before she went to bed. One of the neighbors saw a man lurking in Greninger's back yard earlier in the evening, and it is believed that the robber slipped into the house and secreted himself before the family retired.

The authorities are investigating the matter, but so far have obtained no clue. They will leave no stone unturned, however, to apprehend the guilty party.

—Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never-failing cure. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—About the most phenomenal wheat yield we have heard of this summer comes from State College where Supt. W. C. Patterson modestly owns to have taken 759 dozen of wheat sheaves off a ten acre lot.

—Loafers got so numerous on the new bridge that is being erected over the Juniata river in Tyrone that the police of that place have been instructed to keep them away, as they interfere with the workmen.

—John T. Roundtree, a grocer of this city, died Wednesday at quarter of one of Brights disease. He had been ill for some time. He was 58 years old and leaves a wife but no children, and was born in Baltimore, Md.

—The Centre County Medical Society held its regular monthly session on last Tuesday, in the Y. M. C. A. parlors. The meeting is reported to have been an unusually pleasant and interesting one. Dr. B. H. Detwiler, of Williamsport, who was present by special invitation, read a valuable and instructive paper. We are glad to know that the prominent medical men of neighboring counties fraternize and exchange views and experiences, for in this way they can be of great help to each other in their warfare with disease. Our citizens can congratulate themselves that the physicians of Bellefonte, and surrounding country, have a high professional standing, and that they keep themselves fully abreast of the times in the wonderful advance of medical science.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

Edward L. Powers, of This Place, Succumbs to Heart Failure.

In no case that we know of has the old Bible adage "In the midst of life we are in death" had a stronger meaning than in the sudden ending of the earthly career of Edward L. Powers, one of Bellefonte's leading and most prosperous business men.

All day Monday he was around, attending to his business as usual, and while he did not feel well yet no one thought that anything serious was wrong. After supper he did not return to the store, and about half past eight left the house and went into his front yard. It was then seen that something was wrong and Dr. M. J. Locke was sent for. It was with difficulty that they prevailed upon Mr. Powers to return to the house. When there he gradually grew worse, finally passing away at about fifteen minutes of ten.

Edward Lawrence Powers was the son of the late John Powers, a prosperous shoe merchant of this place, and his wife Nancy Kerns Powers. He was born in Bellefonte June 18, 1858, and was aged 40 years and 1 month. He received a fair education, graduating from our public schools with honor. When he attained his majority he entered his father's store, assisting him to build up a large trade. On his father's retirement several years ago Edward succeeded to the business, carrying it on successfully up to the present time.

The deceased was very popular, having attractive manners, and a polite and gentlemanly demeanor, which won him many friends. He took a great interest in local affairs and was a member of the Logan fire company and the Knights of the Golden Eagle.

A few years ago he married Miss Elizabeth Kaiser, who survives him, with their two children, Ada and Pearl. He leaves one brother, John Powers, of Lebanon, Pa., and one sister, Mrs. W. Miles Walker, of this place.

The bereaved family certainly have the sincere sympathy of the whole community in the great loss they have sustained.

Gone to Rest.

In the early morning of the 1st inst., in the presence of his family and relatives and amidst the sweet voices of the robins perched near his home window in Unionville, the pure spirit of Jessie Cleaver (one of Centre county's foremost and most experienced surveyors) peacefully returned to the God who gave it. For some months his family noticed his gradual decline, but were not aware that death's shadows hovered so near him. In all his suffering he maintained that peaceful look which designates the conqueror, and, although he expressed himself ready for the final change, none can fully realize the loss sustained by his grief-stricken family, to whom he was an endeared husband and a loving father.

In business he loved his profession, and nature in all her beauty, her sublimity, her grandeur, had a special charm for him, but the wild wooded paths, once so familiar to him will now be trodden by others; yet his pure example will still live, and will not only be cherished in the bosom of his family, but by those who knew him.

A Series of Summer Dances.

Arrangements are being made by our society people for the usual series of four summer dances. They will be held on the 29th of July, 12th and 26th of August and 2nd of September, in the Reynolds armory. The last one is the date for the annual *G*olden Rod dance. The committee in charge are Harry Keller, Edmund Blanchard, Jr., H. C. Quigley, Fred Blanchard, Hard P. Harris and Edgar Burnsides.

A False Alarm.

Wednesday July 13 about 8 o'clock the town was startled by the shrill whistle of the fire alarm. The signal for the south ward was given and everyone hastened in that direction, but on investigation it was found that the fire was down on Humes' farm about two miles from town. A straw stack had caught fire in some manner and was burning.

Funeral of Edward L. Powers.

The funeral of the late Edward L. Powers will take place this Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, from the family residence on Spring street. Interment will be made in the Union cemetery.

—One of nature's remedies; cannot harm the weakest constitution; never fails to cure summer complaints of young or old. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Miss Bessie Hayes, of this place, is visiting friends in Tyrone.

Miss Rebie Derr, of Williamsport, is visiting friends in this place.

Miss Bertha Miller, of Lock Haven, is visiting friends at State College.

F. W. Crider, of this place, transacted business in Williamsport Friday.

J. W. Gephart Esq., transacted business in Williamsport Saturday.

J. H. Reifsnyder, of Millheim, transacted business in town Monday.

Wm. Lyons, of this place, transacted business in Lewisburg last week.

George Brew, of Oakland, Md., is transacting business in Bellefonte.

Francis Speer was one of the sight-seers at the Lock Haven carnival Thursday night.

Miss Anna Clark, of this place, is visiting her friend Miss Carrie Blair, of Lock Haven.

Maurice Jackson left Monday for Oakland Md., to visit his sister, Mrs. George T. Brew.

Jacob Valentine, of this place has gone to Pittsburg where he expects to secure a position.

Ex-Judge A O Furst and wife spent last evening for Williamsport visiting their son John.

Lieut. Charles Taylor left last week for Chickamauga to take his place with Company B.

*M*ortimer Donahue, of this place, tarried in Tyrone over Sunday on his way to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Mollie M. Minsker and daughter, Verna, of this place, are visiting friends in Spring Mills.

Will Runkle, who holds a position in a drug store in Philadelphia, is at home for a short vacation.

Mrs. George J. Wolfe is off on a visit to friends in Bellefonte and Stormstown. Philipsburg Ledger.

Editor Burns of the State College Times and little daughter, Vivian, were Bellefonte visitors Friday.

Judge John G. Love and family returned Saturday evening from a two weeks visit to Atlantic City.

Thomas K. Morris, of Tyrone, is tarrying in town for a few days while on his way to Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Ellie Gates left on Saturday for Loveville, Centre Co., where she will visit for the next three weeks.

Miss Maude Watson, who has been visiting friends in town, returned Saturday to her home at Pine Glenn.

Thomas Hamilton and wife, of New York City, are visiting his mother, Mrs. Mary Hamilton, of this place.

*M*iss Margaret Potter and *M*iss Pattie Lane, of this place, attended an assembly in the armory at Lock Haven last week.

Charles P. Hewes, Esq., has returned to Bellefonte from Erie, Pa. He expects to move his family here in the near future.

Gilbert Beaver and wife, of New York City, have arrived in Bellefonte and are guests of his father, Judge James A. Beaver.

Mr. Evan M. Valentine, of near Philadelphia, is visiting at the pleasant home of his sister, Mrs. R. V. Pugh on Curtin street.

Frank Montgomery accompanied by his wife and son Hassel left Monday for a pleasure trip to Atlantic City, Cape May and Philadelphia.

Howard Curtin, son of A. G. Curtin jr., of Philadelphia, is visiting at the pleasant home of his uncle, Gen. John I. Curtin, on West Linn street.

L. A. Shaeffer is away on a six weeks' trip to Arizona and New Mexico. He is accompanied by his brother in law, Dr. Coolidge, of Scranton.

Mrs. Claude Brannon and two children, and sister Miss Lucas, all of Altoona, are pleasant visitors at the home of David Barlett on Thomas street.

Mr. R. R. McClintock and Miss Louise Kellerman spent Friday in Snow Shoe. They took dinner at the Mountain House, returning home in the evening.

Miss Margaret Sechler has returned home from Baltimore where she has been attending a school for trained nurses. She will return to Baltimore again in a few weeks.

C. H. Diem, who has been preforming the duties of ticket agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad company at this place for the past two weeks, has returned to his home in Tyrone.

Miss Mary Dietrick, who has been visiting Miss Jennie Irwin, of this place, returned to her home in Altoona Saturday afternoon. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Kitty Irwin, who will spend a few weeks in the mountain city.

Maurice Trone, who left here last spring after recovering from an attack of typhoid fever, spent the past week in town. He has fully recovered and is enjoying good health. He returned to his home in Hanover, Pa., but will return here later and resume the study of law.

The Misses Marion E. and Mable M. Musser, who have been spending the past week in Bellefonte as the guests of Mr. Paul Shaffer, departed for their home in Scranton, Monday afternoon. Their visit proved a most delightful one and they leave with many pleasant memories of Bellefonte and its people.

Col. E. J. *P*runer, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in *B*ellefonte.

C. M. Bower Esq., transacted legal business in Millheim, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell I. Gardner and son, spent Thursday in Howard.

T. M. Stevenson, of Lock Haven, transacted business in Bellefonte Thursday.

Joseph Montgomery and John M. Dale transacted business in Tyrone Monday.

Misses Mary and Jane Ayers, of Philadelphia, are visiting friends in Bellefonte.

George *H*ensyl, of Howard, is visiting at the home of Emil Joseph on High street.

Miss Blanche Hayes left Tuesday for a two weeks visit at Bedford Springs.

Mrs. James Lane and son, Richard, of Philadelphia, are spending the summer in Bellefonte.

Alma and Bernard Lichten, of Philadelphia, are guests at the Lyon home in this place.

Col. W. R. Teller, of the Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, D. C., is the guest of John M. Dale, of this city.

Mrs. L. A. Shaffer and daughter Helen, are in Scranton for an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. Coolidge.

Miss Elizabeth B. Meek has gone to Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, to study biology at a summer school there.

John Powers, of Lebanon, Pa., arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday called here by the death of his brother Edward L. Powers.

Mrs. Frank Williams and two children arrived home Wednesday from Altoona where she had been visiting her parents,

Mrs. Mary Gephart Dix, of Dayton, Ohio, is visiting her sister Mrs. L. T. Munson, and other friends of this place.

Robert McKnight jr., of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday and will visit his father who resides at Hunter's Park,

Julius Gutman and his mother, Mrs. Gutman, both of New York city are guests at the handsome home of Emil Joseph on High street.

The Misses Henrietta Butts, Mary Butts and Millie Smith left on the early train Friday morning for a ten days' trip to Atlantic City.

Miss Daisy Brisben, who is now teaching at the soldiers' orphan school at Chester Springs, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. L. Spangler.

Mrs. Lichten and son, Harold of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday to attend the wedding of her sister, Victorine Lyon.

Master Hassel Montgomery the bright young son, of Merchant Frank Montgomery, was confined to his home last week with a bilious attack.

Mrs. Wm. Houser and her son Ed, of Pine St., who have been spending a few weeks with her daughter at Berwick returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Thomas and child left Thursday for Philadelphia where Mr. Thomas has accepted a position in the Baldwin Locomotive works.

Samuel Oberndorf and wife, of Baltimore, Md., arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday afternoon at 4:44 and are guests at the pleasant home of Samuel Lewins' on East Linn street.

Mrs. W. H. Musser and daughter Ella left Tuesday for Sunbury to attend the wedding Wednesday morning of her niece Miss May B Shiffer, formerly of Bellefonte.

Mrs. Barbara Rankin and daughter, Bella, are in Philipsburg for an indefinate stay. From there they will go to *H*arrisburg and Philadelphia to spend the remainder of the summer with Mrs. Rankin's sons, Edward and John.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Buggy and Sulky Collide on Allegheny Street Saturday Night.

On Saturday evening about 9 o'clock a collision occurred on Allegheny street near the residence of Wm. Humes. M. B. Garman driving his famous "Dollie Spencer" attached to sulky collided with a buggy driven by ex-sheriff Wm A. Ishler.

Sheriff Ishler and wife were just driving home from Mr. John Kline's on Curtin street and Mr. Garman was on his way to his home on North Allegheny. They saw each other coming but both thought there was room enough to pass, put when opposite the Humes residence and where the trees shade the street they came together with a crash. Their wheels were locked and the shaft of Mr. Garman's sulky went through the top of the ex-sheriff's buggy narrowly missing the latter gentlemen's head.

The sudden shock threw Mrs. Ishler out of the buggy and almost under the horses feet. Fortunately the Ishler horse stood stock still and the Garman horse made but little fuss for had it been otherwise Mrs. Ishler would have been trampled to death. As it was she was rendered unconscious by the fall and sustained several bruises but no bones were broken.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

Interesting Services at the Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday Night.

On last Sunday evening very interesting Children's day exercises were held in the Methodist Episcopal church at this place. The large church was crowded to the doors with interested spectators who thoroughly enjoyed every number of the varied and entertaining program rendered. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers and potted plants intermingled with the National colors, and certainly presented a fine appearance.

The different numbers on the program were announced by the leader, J. Kennedy Johnson, Esq., who made a most excellent chairman. The different children who took part showed that they had received careful training and their instructors deserve great credit.

The exercises were divided into two parts. Part one consisted of songs and recitations by the younger children, and part two was "Pictures of Heroic Methodism," with explanatory addresses by older boys and girls. It was very interesting and instructive, showing the progress of Methodism in America from the earliest times to the present day. Each one performed their parts well with credit to themselves.

The following program was rendered, interspersed with song and music, a full choir and orchestra being present:

Introductory address.....Hattie Miller
Recitation—"*D*on't Laugh at Us,".....Harry Hall
Recitation—"If: If:".....Maude Rine
Recitation—"The Boyless Town".....Frank Smith
Motion Song.....By twenty little girls
Recitation—"Katie's Luncheon".....Helen Irvin
Recitation—"Just You and I".....Helen Landis

The second part, "Pictures of Heroic Methodism," was then taken up.

The first scene was an Epworth Rectory with an address by Willie Reese.

The second scene, "The First Methodists, "The Holy Club," address by Ellis Hall.

Third scene, "An Eventful Card Party." *D*ialogue by three persons, the Misses Viola Robb, Alice Stover and Gussie Smith.

Fourth scene, "Heroes of the Saddlebags," address by Ward Fleming.

Fifth scene, "Cokesburg College; First Methodist College in America." Explained by a dialogue by Misses Lida Moore and Anna Smith.

The sixth and last scene was explained by the leader and showed the "Future leaders of the church" and represented one company of youths on their way to college and another company who had been aided by the Board, leaving school now ready for the Master's work.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for Monday, July 18 1898.

W. Baum, Gum Bicycle Co, J. W. Chambers, Mrs. E. D. Clark, Mammie Dorkin, W. H. Donahue, Amelia A. Fohner, Wm Flick, Hyman Fineberg (2), J. E. Greek, Helen Hart, David B Kochler, Wm H. Long, Mrs. John W. Matchett; Elsie Peters, Fred Ruset, Edw P. Siegried, Mrs. Margeret Stankley, Bessie Staple, Alfred Sewell, G. E. Smith, Theo. Snyder.

When called for please say advertised.

DAVID F. FORTNEY, P. M.

Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses have been issued during the past week by Register G. W. Rumberger:

Harry Weaver, of Aaronsburg, and Ada E. Breon, of Millheim.

Charles Diehl, of Bellview, Ohio, and Rose Corman, of Rebersburg.

Dr. Alfred Gordon, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Victorire Lyon, of Bellefonte.

Albert B. Smith, of Madisonburg, and Eleanor Noregong, of Burlingame, Lycoming county, Pa.

—Builds up the system, puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store